2003

MISSION

The provision of secure and efficient primary and secondary capital markets across a diverse range of instruments, supported by cost effective services



Highlights 2003

January

Introduction of regular communication sessions with JSE members and stakeholders.

February

Appointment of Mpuseng Tlhabane as General Manager: Human Resources.

March

The listing of Telkom Ltd.

Signature of a Memorandum of Understanding with the Tunisia Stock Exchange.

Signature of a Memorandum of Understanding with National African Federated Chamber of Commerce and Industry (NAFCOC).

April

Chairman's roadshow – Johannesburg, Cape Town, Port Elizabeth and Durban.

May

Initiation of project Thusanang, a project aimed at offering the JSE's world class trading system to other African Stock Exchanges with a view to uplifting their trading

Participated in the "Bring a Girl Child to Work" initiative. Formalised relationship with the International Marketing Council to promote South Africa.

June

Initiation of a project by the Shareholders of STRATE investigating the feasibility of developing a central securities register.

Launch of the NewRand ETF, a customised index product.

Positioning the JSE as the lowest cost destination is crucial if we — and this in turn is vital if there is to be any prospect of a vibrant

Willing to interact and innovate



July

Launch of the CAPI and SWIX indices, benchmark indices for the FTSE/JSE Africa Index Series

August

Co-sponsor of Nurturing Orphans of Aids for Humanity (NOAH) fund raiser resulting in R850 000 being donated to NOAH.

Merger of STRATE, UNEXcor and the Central Depository to create a single settlement infrastructure for the securities markets.

Nicky Newton-King voted as Business Woman of the Year.

September

Revised Listing Requirements become effective.

October

Implementation of STRATE shared SWIFTNet

JSE Schools Challenge Awards for 2003. Launch of Alt's, an alternative market for small and medium enterprises.

Publication of the JSE SRI Index Criteria.

Appointment of Geoff Rothschild as Director: Corporate Marketing and Communications. Signature of a Memorandum of Understanding

Signature of a Memorandum of Understanding with the Department of Trade and Industry.

November

3rd Anniversary of 100% equities settlement rate following the launch of electronic settlement via STRATE.

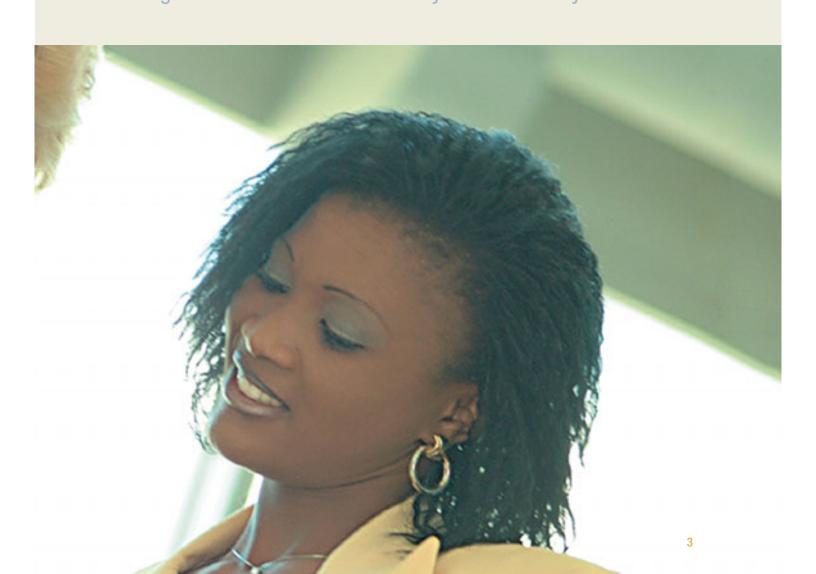
December

Appointment of Wendy Luhabe as JSE non-executive director.

Ongoing

JSE continues its close association with the World Federation of Exchanges with Russell Loubser continuing as Chairman of the Working Committee.

are to keep the market in South African securities in South Africa brokerage and investment community in this country.



EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

Involved in NEPAD, part of the JSE's contribution to stability and growth in the Southern African region







From left to right:

John Burke

Director: Listings Years service: 14

Richard Miller

Director: IT Years service: 16

Nicky Newton-King

Deputy CEO Years service: 8

Gary Clarke

Exchange Secretary Years service: 6

Des Davidson

Director: Clearing and Settlement

Years service: 4

Mpuseng Tihabane

General Manager: Human Resources Years service: 10 months

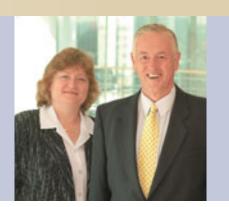
Allan Thomson

Director: Equities and Derivatives Trading

Years service: 2

South Africa continues to need a new means of providing access to capital for aspirant entrepreneurs, particularly those from previously disadvantaged backgrounds, if we are to succeed in developing a truly diverse and broad ownership of our economy.







Russell Loubser

CE0

Years service: 7

Freda Evans

Chief Financial Officer Years service: 3

Bill Urmson

Director: Surveillance Years service: 7

Geoff Rothschild

Director: Corporate Marketing and Communications

Years service: 3 months

Rod Gravelet-Blondin

General Manager: Agricultural Products

Years service: 8

Leanne Parsons

Chief Operating Officer

Years service: 19









From left to right:

Bobby Johnston

Director of Companies

Honorary Life Member of the South African Institute of Stockbrokers

Past Chairman of the JSE

Member of the Financial Markets Advisdory Board Appointed to the Board in 2000

Gary Clarke

Exchange Secretary

Norman Muller

Head of Financial Markets, FSB

John Burke

Executive Director

Member of the King Committee on Corporate Governance Chairman of Listings Advisory Committee

Leanne Parsons

Chief Operating Officer

Director of JSE related companies

Anton Botha

Chairman of the Human Resources Committee of the JSE CEO Gensec Bank (temporary appointment for restructure) Director of Companies

Past CEO of Genbel SA Ltd, Genbel Securities Ltd and non-Executive Chairman of Gensec Bank

Appointed to the Board in 2000

Nicky Newton-King

Deputy CEO

Member of the Financial Markets Advisory Board, the Financial Centre for Africa's Strategy Committee and the Standing Advisory Committee on Company Law Global Leader of Tommorrow 2002

SA Businesswoman of the Year 2003.

Sam Nematswerani

Alternate Director

Chairman of the Audit Committee of the JSE
CEO of AKA Capital (Pty) Limited
Director of Companies

Gloria Serobe

CEO: Wipcapital (Pty) Ltd Chairman of Metropolitan and the NAC Director of Companies Appointed to the Board in 2000

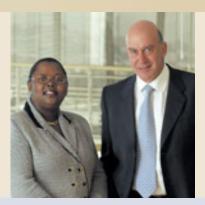
Geoff Rothschild

Executive Director

Member of the South African Institute of Stockbrokers
Past Chairman of the JSE
Previous Director of SASFIN Frankel Pollak Securities
and STRATE

As we look ahead, we intend to build on, and strengthen relationships with all our clients and stakeholders









Humphrey Borkum

Chairman of the JSE

Chairman of Merrill Lynch SA (Pty) Limited

Member of the South African Institute of Stockbrokers

Appointed to the Board in 2000

Russell Loubser

CEO of the JSE

Board of Directors of the World Federation of Exchanges Chairman of the World Federation of Exchanges' Working Committee

Reuel Khoza

Founder and Executive Chairman of Co-Ordinated Network Investments (Pty) Limited Chairman of Eskom, AKA Capital (Pty) Limited and Akani Leisure (Pty) Limited Director of Companies Appointed to the Board in 2000

Wendy Luhabe

Non-Executive Chairman of Vodacom, Industrial
Development Corporation, Alliance Capital Management,
Vendome SA and Women Private Equity Fund 1
Director of Companies
Appointed to the Board in 2003

Nigel Payne

Alternate Director Chairman of the Risk Management Committee of the JSE Director of Companies

Member of the King Committee on Corporate Governance

Not pictured

Ray Cadiz

Founder and CEO of Cadiz Holdings Limited Appointed to the Board in 2001

Paul Barnard

Group CEO and founder member of Barnard Jacobs Mellet Limited Member of the South African Institute of Stockbrokers Appointed to the Board in 2000

Stephen Koseff

CEO of Investec Bank Limited
Director of Companies
Chairman of the Independent Banks Association
Appointed to the Board in 2000

For the past number of years, the JSE has focused on making a number of strategic investments to position it as the world's preferred destination for trading South African investment instruments through offering lowest transaction costs, secure and efficient trading and settlement and market integrity.

These investments include the alliances with the London Stock Exchange (LSE) and FTSE, the implementation of guaranteed, contractual, rolling electronic settlement on T+5 through STRATE and the acquisition of the South African Futures Exchange, including the agricultural products and financial derivatives markets. Positioning the JSE as the lowest cost destination is crucial if we are to keep the market in South African securities in South Africa – and this in turn is vital if there is to be any prospect of a vibrant brokerage and investment community in this country.

Achieving any vision, of course, takes time and **2003** has been a challenging year for the JSE to move closer towards its goal.

Although the *equities market ended the year on a stronger note,* the JSE felt the effect of weak global equities markets in lower year-on-year volumes, listing, and membership. The number of trades was 13.6 % lower than 2002 with the average deal value higher at 228 938 shares, (2002: 212 406). The number of trades per day increased in the second half of 2003 and that trend has continued in 2004. The impact of lower equity trade volumes has, however, been felt by our members and left its mark on the JSE's financial performance.

We face stiff competition for the trade in South African securities from large international exchanges. Without the constraints of exchange control, these exchanges

have, up until now, been able to attract primary and secondary listings of South African companies and hence attract trade away from the local market without the JSE being able to offer local investors the opportunity to buy international stocks on the JSE. For many months, we have been working with National Treasury on a policy under which the inward dual listing of foreign companies will be permitted on the JSE. This has culminated in the recent Budget speech announcement that *inward dual listings will now be permitted*. If we are successful in attracting foreign listings to the JSE, this will provide local investors with a more cost effective means to diversify their portfolios through the JSE which will, in turn, mean more business for local brokers, intermediaries and vendors.

South Africa continues to need a new means of providing access to capital for aspirant entrepreneurs, particularly those from previously disadvantaged backgrounds, if we are to succeed in developing a truly diverse and broad ownership of our economy. The JSE has been aware that the Venture Capital Market (VCM) and Development Capital Market (DCM) have not been successful in this regard and hence in recognition of our commitment to find solutions for the country's financial markets, we launched Alt in October through a joint venture with the Department of Trade and Industry. We are encouraged by the interest in Alt and expect this market to grow gradually over time. An appropriate way of dealing with the VCM and DCM is being investigated.

The highlight of the listings calendar was *the listing of Telkom in March 2003*, a momentous occasion at the JSE at which we were privileged to host many Cabinet Ministers. There were however 57 delistings, due to some extent, to the prevailing economic circumstances in the country but also as a result of a deliberate decision by the JSE to remove from the exchange those companies which no longer met the JSE's Listings Requirements. We took this action because we did not believe that it was in the public interest to have companies listed on the JSE when, in fact, they no longer met the criteria for listing. The delistings had no noticeable effect on the JSE's equity market capitalisation or turnover.

The Financial Derivatives Market performed well with the numbers of both options and futures contracts traded higher than 2002. Single stock futures showed the highest growth of 106%. We listed 35 new instruments in this market during the year and welcomed three new members to the market.



Undoubtedly the best performing of the JSE's markets was the Agricultural Products Market

where turnover on options contracts was up 23.1% on 2002 and futures contracts up 14.5%. As a result, we were able to reduce contract fees on the APD by 20% for clients of members from 1 January 2004. Ten new members joined this market during 2003, a net gain of seven members.

While we currently have a world class trading system in JSE SETS for equities, the derivatives trading engines have not been as stable as we would have liked. The technical issues that have affected these markets have caused the members of these markets and the JSE much frustration. Detailed investigations indicate the underlying cause to be the phenomenal growth in the markets post 2000. The systems now operate beyond the parameters for which they were first specified and designed. We spent significant time during 2003 investigating the options to replace or upgrade these systems. A phased upgrade and redevelopment of the systems is now underway and special focus is being placed on stabilising the APD system.

For the third consecutive year, the JSE has zero failed trades for on-market equities transactions.

This follows the implementation of guaranteed, contractual, rolling, electronic settlement on T+5 through STRATE. This was a crucial building block in positioning our market as a preferred destination for trading South African instruments.

During the year, the JSE assisted in *the merger of*STRATE and UNEXcor, the bond settlement entity. This will create the opportunity to reduce the cost of settlement for all instruments through the leverage of technology and skills which previously resided in the two entities separately. Following the merger, the JSE's shareholding in STRATE reduced to 41% (from 50%) and

the number of directors the JSE has on the STRATE Board reduced to four (from five).

Much has been written about the cost of trading on the JSE. Unfortunately, most of this ignores the fact that in the days of floor-based trading and paper-based settlement, not only were clients not assured of proper price discovery but over 50% of trades did not, in fact, settle by the end of the following settlement period. Hence, many clients and members had huge hidden opportunity costs and hefty interest charges resulting from delayed settlements. Comments on pricing often ignore the fact that JSE costs account for only a small proportion (depending on transaction value) of the average costs of a typical trade – with the remainder attributable largely to settlement intermediaries and other institutions.

It is also important to emphasise that despite the strategic initiatives undertaken to modernise the JSE, the JSE has not needed to revert to its members for any funding since deregulation in 1995. Indeed, we believe that the JSE's financial reserves as well as the cost savings achieved in 2003, will allow us to fund the various projects planned for the coming year without placing member firms under additional financial strain through any special levies for that purpose.

The JSE is committed to reducing its cost base as far as possible so that it can, in due course, look to reduce its fees. This is demonstrated by the far reaching action taken by management during 2003 to reduce the JSE's two most significant cost items: staff and IT.

As a result of a *JSE restructuring exercise*, 42 staff members were retrenched, of which 31 were voluntary retrenchments. This together with the cancellation of unfilled positions and the termination of contracts of various independent contractors resulted in savings of approximately R26 million per annum in our operational costs. This difficult process meant we had to bid farewell to many close colleagues but we are tremendously grateful to the manner in which the remaining JSE staff



have indicated their support and willingness to tackle the challenges we face. Further detail in respect of the activities of the Board's Human Resources Committee is dealt with in the report of the Chairman of that Committee set out in the Corporate Governance report to the Annual Financial Statements.

During the year, a great deal of time was devoted to analysing how best to address the combined problems of the high costs of running our existing IT infrastructure and the need to undertake a programme to modernise our legacy IT systems, some of which are nearly 20 years old. As a result of this investigation, the Board agreed to mandate management to initiate negotiations with a leading local company for the outsourcing of the JSE's IT infrastructure, operations and services to them and also the feasibility of contracting that company to completely re-engineer the JSE's application, data and technical architecture. These negotiations are nearing completion and, if successful, will result in substantial savings in the cost of operation of the JSE's IT environment.

During the first half of 2003, the JSE again investigated the possibility of demutualisation and listing. The listing of the JSE was ruled out at this stage, as there is no compelling business case for such a move, particularly under unfavourable market conditions. After careful consideration and consultation by the Executive Committee, the Board further decided that there was no business case for demutualisation either. As conditions change, these issues will be revisited.

The outlook for South Africa in 2004 appears to be more positive than it was a year ago. The South African Reserve Bank has wrestled inflation to within its target range, albeit at the cost of high interest rates for two years and we are now starting to see the benefits in terms of lower interest rates and increased consumer spending. While the strong rand has created near-term

problems for many companies, there are indications that it is settling into a more stable trading range. There appears to be growing evidence of a sustained recovery in the US economy which, provided it continues into 2004, should further support equity prices in the year ahead. There are also flickerings of life in the Japanese economy after more than a decade of stagnation. This augurs well for global markets in 2004.

As we look ahead, we intend to build on and strengthen the relationships we have with all our clients and stakeholders. We look forward to the implementation of the Financial Services Charter (in whose development we participated) which we believe will pave the way for a truly representative financial services industry in this country - one which in due course will be able to fulfil Government's vision of the country as the Financial Centre for Africa. We need to ensure that the JSE is able to play its part in making this vision a reality but we will only succeed if all the JSE's stakeholders join together towards this end.

Finally, we extend our sincere thanks to all Board members for their guidance and unstinting support during the year. The JSE is lucky to have a Board with the calibre of members such as ours. Our thanks also to the Executive team and all our staff members for their unwavering commitment and for rallying behind us during the year-it is greatly appreciated!

Humphrey Borkum

Chairman

Russell M Loubser

When I have

CEO

MEETING THE CHALLENGES

We have in place the core elements to be a meaningful player in the financial markets. Despite (and perhaps even because of) the increasing competition for and pressure on the businesses of the JSE and its members, we need clear strategies to exploit our advantages and **reduce our costs so as to attract more business** to our markets. This is where we are focusing our energies in 2004.

Trading and listing strategies

We operate central orderbook markets which offer transparency and efficient price discovery and hence work to eliminate opportunities for front running and other improper trading practices. We will be seeking to:

- leverage our existing trading technologies to
 introduce a broader range of innovative
 products and markets to our members and
 other clients. These include the possible introduction
 of an interest rate market in which it is intended to
 trade a full range of products across the yield curve
 and customised indices;
- bring foreign companies to list on the JSE;
- list new exchange traded funds including one which has a major foreign index as an underlying;
- build on the new listings that have already been attracted to Alt^x so that we can give entrepreneurs every opportunity to raise capital through Alt^x;
- use JSE technology to bring a vision of a Pan
 African Market closer to reality; and
- clarify the manner in which we allow investors to have access to our market. During 2003 and after extensive market consultation, we decided not to allow full Direct Market Access (DMA) to our equities trading system because we were concerned about the impact this might have on the local broking community. We did allow order routing, DMA for proprietary trading purposes and DMA for controlled clients as this will assist retail client members.

Clearing efficiency

Historically, equities and derivatives trades have been cleared and risk managed separately. This has, in our view, resulted in a sub-optimal use of capital by members and investors. This in turn results in an implicit cost of trading on our market for members and investors which we need to find a means of reducing. Equities trades are risk managed to T+5 by the JSE's Settlement Authority in an extremely cost effective process.

Derivatives trades are cleared through the SAFEX Clearing Company (a clearing house) and the clearing members manage risk. No cross collateralisation is possible and neither is margin offset between spot trades and their derivatives. We have through **SAFCOM** *initiated a project to:*

- investigate the feasibility (including timing and costs)
 of establishing a multi-product, central clearing
 house;
- determine whether such a clearing house would in fact reduce the overall cost of trading and clearing multiple products (including equities and OTCs); and
- determine what the impact (including costs) of such a clearing house would be on the equities clearing and settlement process given that such a proposal would involve a change in the manner in which equities trades are currently risk managed.

Rekindling the retail investor

Although South Africans in formal employment are invested in the JSE indirectly through pension funds, focus on *bringing the retail investors back to the market* as direct investors, is also important. This is not only necessary to broaden the base of investors on the JSE but also, it will in itself bring increased trading to the JSE. This will be addressed through:

- introducing *more retail products:* such as Satrix and single stock futures both of which offer cheap access to quality stocks. This will provide an increased range of products in which to invest. In 2003, R100 million new capital was invested in Satrix and we will be working to increase this in 2004
- working to lower the total cost of trading and keep
 it low: this will make it more affordable to trade on the
 JSE. Already the JSE proportion of the average
 cost of a typical equities trade is much smaller
 than the costs of other settlement intermediaries and
 institutions which are outside JSE control and make up

Although South Africans in formal employment are invested in the JSE indirectly through pension funds, focus on bringing the retail investors back to the market as direct investors, is also important.



the remainder. We now need to work with these players to get them to reduce their portion of the costs. Working with members, we restructured our billing methodology in all our markets with effect from 1 January 2004. One of our aims was to limit the burden on smaller retail participants. We expect to see this benefit flowing through to members' clients in due course. The JSE's aggressive restructuring and cost cutting exercises in 2003 meant that we reduced certain of our costs and where there were increases in costs to our users these were kept to a minimum and mostly below inflation. The introduction of a host-to-host link between the JSE and STRATE computer systems in February 2002 for the direct routing of settlement related messages rather than via the SWIFT network, has resulted in an annual saving of approximately R7 million in messaging costs to our members. In October 2003, when SWIFT moved away from their established X.25 network to a Secure Internet Protocol Network, we were able to implement a Shared SWIFTNet Connection with STRATE. This avoided the need to build a duplicate infrastructure at Exchange Square. Over the years, the revenue gained from data sales has shown good growth, particularly in the proportion of revenue that we gain from foreign data clients. This too has enabled us to limit increases in charges for trading and other services. We will continue to keep a firm eye on all costs; and

• demystifying investment: this is necessary so that we can start to introduce new investors and specifically previously disadvantaged investors to our market. We are actively involved in basic investment education and the listing of Telkom brought a whole host of new investors to the market off the back of a Telkom nationwide marketing and education programme. Working with all our stakeholders, we now need to find innovative ways of further demystifying investment on our market. This includes The JSE/Liberty Schools Challenge which introduces thousands of school learners each year to the mechanics of securities investment, while simultaneously initiating them into broad-based economic and commercial dynamics.



Let's talk about IT

As with most modern exchanges, *information technology forms the backbone of the JSE* – it is integral to what enables us to provide a service to our clients every day. IT is one of the JSE's major costs but much of our current IT runs off expensive legacy technology which severely limits the services, flexibility and functionality we can provide our clients. So we face the competing challenges of needing to reduce our IT costs while at the same time investing in moving our IT onto next generation technology. We are thus intending:

- outsourcing the bulk of the operation of our IT environment;
- undertaking the transformation of our legacy IT
 environment onto next generation technology.
 The cost of this transformation will be funded from
 reserves and out of a portion of the savings achieved
 through the restructuring exercise and members will
 not be asked to contribute financially to the IT
 transformation process. We do envisage needing the
 input of clients and other stakeholders over the course
 of the transformation process to ensure that we fully
 understand their business requirements and are able
 to include these in the transformation process;
- reaching an agreement with the existing supplier of the derivatives trading system to ensure that the current performance issues with those systems are eliminated and that the systems are rewritten to next generation technology; and
- completing these exercises over a period of two years to minimize the impact of legacy system costs and inefficiencies on the JSE and its members.

Market status

As a market, the JSE is currently rated as an "advanced emerging market" by FTSE. In the medium term, countries such as China and India are likely to be elevated to this status with the result that we will attract a smaller percentage of money tracking advanced emerging markets. With:

 a relatively large market size and good diversity of products:

- a stable, independent market structure not dominated by any one interest group or subject to government interference;
- a world class primary market with globally comparable listings requirements and corporate governance principles;
- protection of minorities in line with other developed markets:
- world class equities trading operations and market model through our relationship with the LSE and the use of its trading technology;
- leading secondary market regulation through BDA and the Insider Trading Act;
- an internationally unprecedented record of zero failed trades;
- strong enforcement of our primary and secondary market obligations;
- no foreign ownership limits, registration processes or withholding taxes,

we meet and often exceed most objective criteria for developed market status. The issue we intend to progress this year in discussion with our stakeholders is whether we should actively seek to be upgraded to developed market status and if so, what the consequences of such an upgrade would be.

Our corporate citizenship

As corporate citizens we are committed to being part of the solution to the emergence of a strong South Africa and through that, a strong continent. Consistent with this approach, the *JSE intends launching the Socially Responsible Investment Index ("SRI Index") during 2004,* which will measure performance of qualifying listed companies in relation to the triple bottom line. In this regard, the JSE has received funding of approximately R5 million from the Financial Deepening Challenge Fund, a fund run by the British Government.

The JSE supports the **rewarding of companies for conducting themselves in a socially responsible way** and we hope the SRI Index will go a long way to achieve this.

In the pursuit of the triple bottom line, we will look to:

- fostering improved stakeholder relations: the
 regular communication sessions, advisory committee
 meetings and strategy sessions held with our
 numerous stakeholders during 2003 will continue
 with particular focus and attention to ensure that
 we are properly hearing, and are being heard
 by our clients and stakeholders;
- continuing our contribution to national initiatives: the JSE was intimately involved in the development of the Financial Services Charter, and the sound relationships established between the various participants during the drafting process ensured that it was well received when launched. The JSE fully supports the Charter and the transformation of our industry that the Charter seeks to achieve and so will, on behalf of its members, consider taking a position on the Charter Council which will oversee implementation of the Charter. We have been actively involved in the development of National Treasury's policy to position South Africa as the Financial Centre for Africa as we see this resulting in an inflow of investment into our financial markets with the concomitant positive impact on the businesses of our stakeholders. Likewise, we intend to continue to assist in driving businesses response to NEPAD;
- remain committed to upholding ethical and good corporate governance practices in everything we do: We have a Board Charter and Constitution, which governs the operation of the Board. and are in the process of compiling a comprehensive code of ethical practice for the JSE. It is the intention that the code be completed in the first half of 2004;
- place ongoing focus on safety, health and environmental (SHE) issues: we comply with all statutory SHE obligations and there is an ongoing process that allows for the identification of risks and hazards in the workplace. Active steps are taken by the JSE to eliminate or mitigate these where

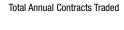
possible. From a health perspective, we launched a second *HIV/AIDS initiative during 2003*.

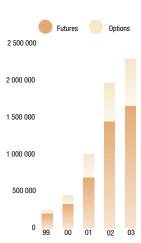
Presentations to staff were made not only to educate staff on HIV/AIDS, but also to challenge perceptions and highlight any behaviour that could put staff at risk. Concurrently, *prevalence testing took place*. Out of a total number of 264 employees who were in the office on the day, 210 participated and 3.8% tested positive. We have stressed the availability of voluntary and free counselling services for concerned staff through ICAS (an employee assistance programme) and the fact that *JSE policies forbid discrimination on the basis of HIV/AIDS status*. Part of the strategy going forward is to provide appropriate interventions as identified;

- playing our part in the transformation of society, both from a gender and equity perspective: we will be progressing our initiatives to ensure the representivity of our workforce. As at 1 January 2004, we had 247 staff members of whom 50% are black and 50% are white. 56% of our staff are female. We will be working with the Department of Trade and Industry to bring further companies to Alt and progress Project Thusanang (meaning "to work together" in Sotho) aimed at allowing other African exchanges to leverage off the infrastructure of the JSE with the ultimate objective of creating a Pan-African Board. The Namibian Stock Exchange already reaps the benefit of using the JSE infrastructure for electronic trading, clearing and settlement. The Seed Trust which provides assistance for disadvantaged and needy students in the economic and accounting fields who excel academically needs to be reviewed in light of the Charter to see how best it could be leveraged for the benefit of our members and the JSE. In 2003, the Seed Trust assisted a total of 16 students at a cost of R377 188; and
- working to support social causes such as NOAH which tackles the problem that the death of both parents causes for surviving children. We have in the past made donations to, and intend to continue donating some of the contributions executives receive for speaking engagements and other ad hoc work to NOAH as our way of making some difference to the scourge that HIV/AIDS represents to our country.

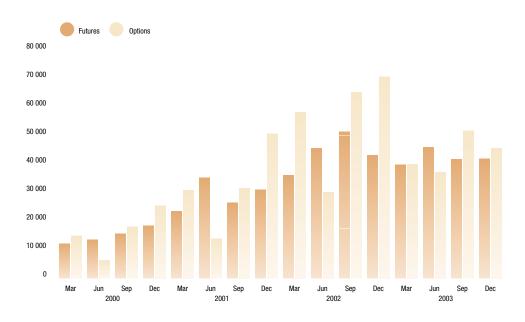
Through the pursuit of the various initiatives set out above, the JSE team intends to attract as much business to our market as possible and become a more meaningful participant in the financial market arena.

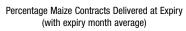
SUMMARY OF MARKET INFORMATION AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS

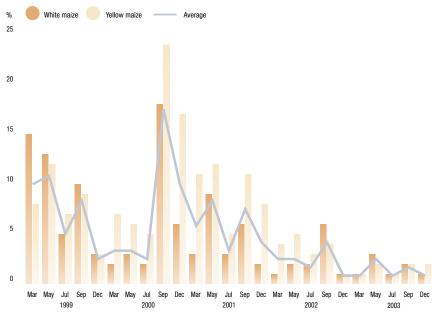




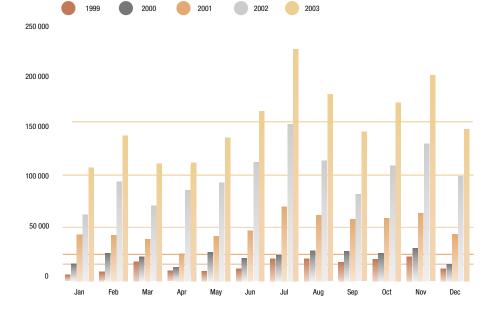
Quarter End Open Contracts



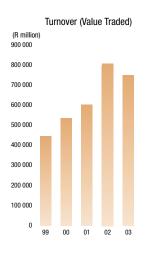


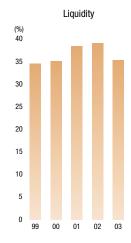


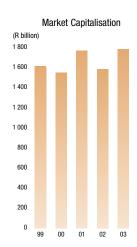
Monthly Maize Futures Contracts Traded (with annual averages)

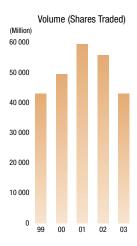


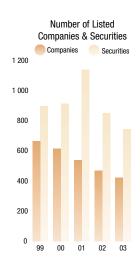
SUMMARY OF MARKET INFORMATION EQUITIES

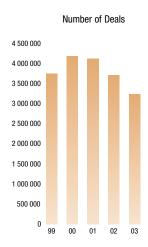












JSE position in the world league as at 31 December 2003 (as calculated by the World Federation of Exchanges)

	JSE JSE		JSE	JSE	
	Dec 2003	Ranking	Year 2002	Ranking	
Market Capitalisation (Domestic) (US\$ million)	260 748 [†]	18	181 998	14	
Market Turnover (US\$ million)	102 173	23	78 999	19	
*Liquidity %	30.1	35	42.4	23	

^{*} The liquidity figure has been adjusted for Off Order Book Principal Trades.

Emerging Stock Markets as at 31 December 2003 (Provided by Standard & Poors)

		Number of		Market
	Volume Traded	Companies	Value Traded	Capitalisation
	(Million)	Listed	(Million US\$)	(Million US\$)
South Africa	3 305	426	9 326	267 745 [†]
Brazil	806 999	367	7 452	234 560
Mexico	1 280	159	1 846	122 532
Korea	18 160	1 563	58 106	329 616
Malaysia	12 033	897	5 422	168 376
Taiwan	60 774	669	42 045	379 023
China	112 133	1 296	75 482	681 204
Russia	15 095	214	6 801	230 786

[†]The difference in the two figures can be explained by the use of differing translation rates by the two information providers.

SUMMARY OF MARKET INFORMATION EQUITIES (continued)

Market Capitalisation by Sector (as at 31 December 2003)

Sectors	(R million)	% of Total JSE	% of Sectors
Total JSE	1 787 1941	100,00	
Resources	744 020	41,63	100
Mining	675 610	37,80	91
Coal	36	0,00	0
Gold Mining	164 122	9,18	22
Platinum	125 231	7,01	17
Mining Finance	6 440	0,36	1
Diamond	3 086	0,17	0
Other Mineral Extractors	376 695	21,08	51
Oil and Gas	68 410	3,83	9
Basic Industries	72 554	4,06	100
Chemicals	11 745	0,66	16
Construction and Building Materials	23 115	1,29	32
Forestry and Paper	23 359	1,31	32
Steel and Other Metals	14 336	0,80	20
General Industrials	46 146	2,58	100
Engineering and Machinery	2 008	0,11	4
Diversified Industrials	30 098	1,68	65
Electronic and Electrical Equipment	14 041	0,79	30
Cyclical Consumer Goods	95 756	5,36	100
Household Goods and Textiles	91 114	5,10	95
Automobiles and Parts	4 641	0,26	5
Non Cyclical Consumer Goods	134 452	7,52	100
Beverages	81 904	4,58	61
Food Producers and Processors	31 789	1,78	24
Health	16 107	0,90	12
Pharmaceuticals	4 651	0,26	3

¹Total excludes venture capital, development capital and other secutiries.

Sectors	(R million)	% of Total JSE	% of Sectors
Cyclical Services	135 159	7,56	100
General Retailers	54 577	3,05	40
Leisure and Hotels	12 120	0,68	9
Media and Photography	26 223	1,47	19
Support Services	29 804	1,67	22
Transport	12 435	0,70	9
Non Cyclical Services	103 832	5,81	100
Food and Drug Retailers	17 881	1,00	17
Telecommunication Services	85 951	4,81	83
Financials	404 960	22,66	100
Banks	161 690	9,05	40
Insurance	22 064	1,23	5
Life Assurance	97 503	5,46	24
Investment Companies	46 699	2,61	12
Real Estate	50 533	2,83	12
Speciality and Other Finance	26 472	1,48	7
Information Technology	16 350	0,91	100
Information Technology Hardware	2 138	0,12	13
Software and Computer Services	14 211	0,80	87
Venture Capital	701	0,04	100
Development Capital	248	0,01	100
Specialist Securities	32 388	1,90	100
Corporate Debt	654	0,04	2
Preference Shares	4 785	0,27	14
Warrants	8 809	0,49	26
Investment Products	12 523	0,70	37
Exchange Traded Funds	5 617	0,31	17
Other securities	1 577	0,09	100

SUMMARY OF MARKET INFORMATION EQUITIES (continued)

Top 10 by Market Capitalisation as at 31/12/2003

Equity Name	Equity Code	Market Capitalisation (Rand)
Anglo American Plc	AGL	211 063 258 835
BHP Billiton Plc	BIL	143 152 526 116
Richemont Securities AG	RCH	80 962 200 000
Anglogold Ltd	ANG	70 060 696 084
Sabmiller Plc	SAB	67 948 230 733
Sasol Ltd	SOL	63 666 256 875
Anglo American Platinum Ltd	AMS	62 769 788 708
Standard Bank Group Ltd	SBK	52 451 428 353
Firstrand Ltd	FSR	48 706 063 587
MTN Group Ltd	MTN	47 175 635 345

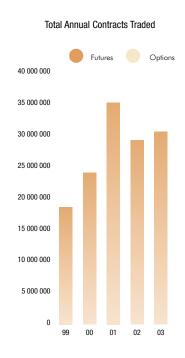
Top 10 by Value Traded for 2003

Equity Name	Equity Code	Value (Rand)
Anglo American Plc	AGL	91 682 903 888
BHP Billiton Plc	BIL	39 582 131 752
Impala Platinum Holding Ltd	IMP	37 944 487 347
Sasol Ltd	SOL	35 984 554 084
Gold Fields Ltd	GFI	33 662 491 491
Harmony G M Co Ltd	HAR	33 470 851 782
Naspers Limited -N-	NPN	29 935 139 925
Sappi Ltd	SAP	28 997 886 006
Standard Bank Group Ltd	SBK	28 797 477 037
Sabmiller Plc	SAB	27 086 743 570

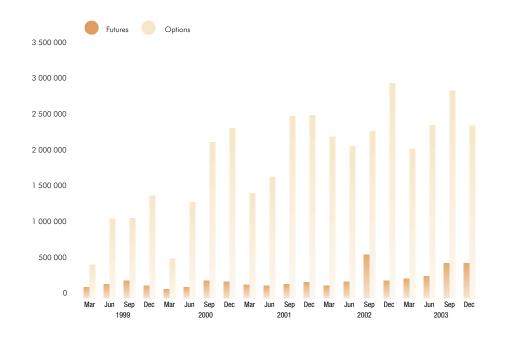
Top 10 By Volume for 2003

Equity Name	Equity Code	Volume (Number of Shares)
Firstrand Ltd	FSR	2 020 381 782
Richemont Securities AG	RCH	1 959 536 509
Old Mutual Pic	OML	1 853 567 028
Sanlam Ltd	SLM	1 716 897 037
MTN Group Ltd	MTN	1 293 265 336
Dimension Data Holdings Plc	DDT	1 178 350 767
Standard Bank Group Ltd	SBK	909 211 580
Metro Cash and Carry Ltd	MTC	889 015 872
BHP Billiton Plc	BIL	863 652 103
Anglo American Plc	AGL	726 451 133

SUMMARY OF MARKET INFORMATION FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES

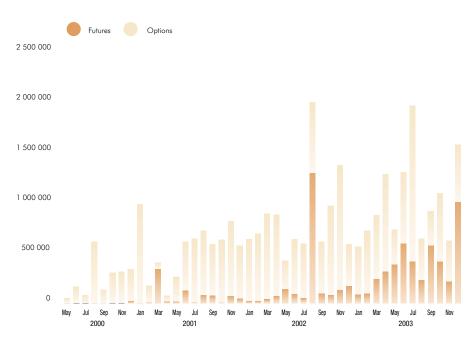


Quarter End Open Contracts

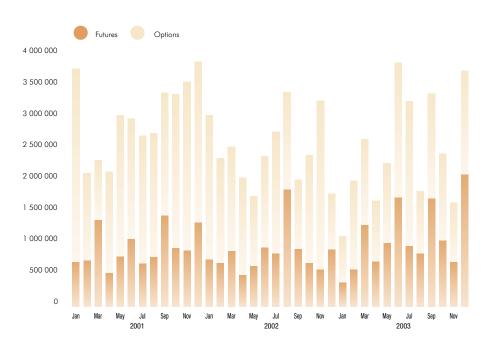


SUMMARY OF MARKET INFORMATION FINANCIAL DERIVATIVES (continued)

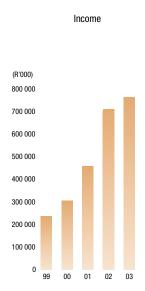
Monthly Individual Equity Contracts Traded



Total Monthly Contracts Traded



SUMMARY OF FINANCIAL AND RELATED INFORMATION



FIVE YEAR FINANCIAL SUMMARY

R'000	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
Income	238 690	306 469	459 704	711 591	766 630
Expenditure	187 478	266 728	398 262	663 621	747 059
Income over Expenditure	51 212	39 741	61 442	47 970	19 571
Staff numbers	51 212 291	39 741 299	61 442 306	47 970 297	19 571 292

The five year financial summary reflects the Exchange's results in 1999 and the Group's results in 2000, 2001, 2002 and 2003. Non-recurring items have been excluded from income and expenditure in order to make the comparisons more meaningful.

As corporate citizens, we are committed to being part of the solution to the emergence of a strong South Africa, and through that, a strong continent.



ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Corporate Governance Report	2
Directors' Responsibility for the Annual Financial Statements	3
Declaration by Secretary	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	3
Directors' Report	3
Income Statements	4
Balance Sheets	4
Statements of Changes in Reserves	4
Cash Flow Statements	4
Notes to the Financial Statements	4
Annandians to the Financial Ctatements	C



Corporate governance report



The first and second King Reports on Corporate Governance ("King Code") detail the importance of corporate governance in achieving financial objectives and fulfilling corporate responsibilities. The JSE is committed to achieving optimum compliance with the King Code. Consistent with this approach, the JSE was the first exchange to include corporate governance requirements in its listing requirements. Many leading international exchanges have followed the JSE's lead in this regard.

The Board is responsible for the ongoing assessment of JSE policies relating to duties of the Board and the delegation of powers and responsibilities. This is to ensure that corporate governance requirements are met and that the core principles of accountability, integrity and transparency are adhered to.

The Board strives to adhere to the recommendations detailed in the King Code. In compliance with the King Code and after extensive consultation with Board members, a Board Charter was adopted on 25 November 2003.

The Board recognises that the JSE, by virtue of its regulatory role, sets the benchmark against which companies listed on the JSE will measure their corporate governance practices. The content of the Charter reflects this and the Board strives to surpass expectations in this regard.

The Board is of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management and the comments by the internal auditors and external auditors on the results of their audit, that the JSE's internal controls are adequate, so that the financial records may reasonably be relied on for preparing the annual financial statements and for maintaining accountability for assets and liabilities.

The Board believes that the JSE's assets are protected and used as intended in all material respects with appropriate authorisation. Nothing has come to the attention of the Board to indicate that any material breakdown in the function of these controls, procedures and systems has occurred during the year under review.

In preparing the annual financial statements, the JSE has used appropriate accounting policies supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates, and has complied with all applicable accounting standards. The Board is of the opinion that the annual financial statements fairly present the financial position of the Group and the Exchange at 31 December 2003 and the results of their operations and cash flow information for the year then ended. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the JSE has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. For this reason, they adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS ("THE BOARD")

The Board Charter sets out, amongst other things, the Board's responsibility for the adoption of strategic plans, monitoring of operational performance and management, determination of policy and procedures to ensure the integrity of the JSE risk management and internal controls, communications policy, and director selection, orientation and evaluation. The Charter is available on the Exchange's website at www.jse.co.za.

As at 31 December 2003, the Board consisted of fourteen directors, being the Chief Executive Officer, the Deputy Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officer, two executive directors and nine non-executive directors. The Chairman is elected from the nine non-executive directors and may hold office for a maximum of two consecutive three year periods. In addition to the directors, a representative from the Financial Services Board attends Board meetings as an observer. Wendy Luhabe was appointed as a director with effect from 26 November 2003, the day after the last meeting of 2003.

In terms of the JSE's rotation policy, at least one third of the non-executive members of the Board become due for retirement each year. Retiring members may stand for re-election. The term of office of executive directors is determined by the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer.

The Exchange considers the majority of its non-executive directors to be independent, however a number of these directors have certain remote interests in common with the JSE. Accordingly, it is arguable that they may fall outside of the definition of independent directors as set out in the King Code. The Board is mindful of this and the potential conflict of interests that may arise, however remote. A process has been implemented to identify and address any such conflicts should they arise.

During the year under review, the JSE conducted an extensive Board assessment process. This process entailed:

- an evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board generally;
- an assessment of individual Board members;
- an assessment of Board committees; and
- an evaluation of the Chairman's performance.

The process has proved to be extremely useful in identifying areas that require further attention and measures to address these areas are currently being implemented.

The process will be repeated in 2004. Thereafter a decision will be made as to the frequency of further assessments.



DIRECTORS as at 31 December 2003

PA Barnard⁶

HJ Borkum^{2,3,6,7} Chairman

AD Botha^{2,3,6,7} Lead Non-Executive Director

J Burke Executive Director

RFG Cadiz⁶
MR Johnston³
RJ Khoza^{2,6,7}
S Koseff^{2,6}
RM Loubser⁴

Chief Executive Officer

W Luhabe^{5,6}

NF Newton-King Deputy Chief Executive Officer LV Parsons⁴ Chief Operating Officer G Rothschild⁸ Executive Director

GT Serobe3, 6,7

ATTENDANCE AT BOARD MEETINGS

During the year under review, four Board meetings were held. Attendance, by director, was as follows:

Director	Alternate	1	2	3	4	Total attendance
PA Barnard ⁶	S Rebe ⁶	✓	alt	√	alt	4
HJ Borkum ^{2,3,6,7}	A Horowitz ⁶	✓	✓	✓	✓	4
AD Botha ^{2,3,6,7}	N Payne ^{4,6}	✓	✓	alt	✓	4
J Burke		✓	✓	✓	✓	4
RFG Cadiz ⁶	N Smith ⁶	✓	✓	alt	Х	3
MR Johnston ³		✓	✓	✓	✓	4
RJ Khoza ^{2,6,7}	S Nematswerani ^{3,4,6}	alt	✓	alt	✓	4
S Koseff ^{2,6}	D Nurek ⁶	✓	alt	Х	Х	2
RM Loubser⁴		✓	✓	✓	✓	4
W Luhabe ^{5,6}		_	-	-	_	-
NF Newton-King	WF Urmson	✓	✓	✓	✓	4
LV Parsons ⁴		✓	✓	✓	✓	4
G Rothschild ⁸		✓	✓	✓	✓	4
GT Serobe ^{3,6,7}		1	✓	✓	Х	3

- Member of Human Resources Committee
- 3 Member of Audit Committee
- ⁴ Member of Risk Management Committee
- 5 Appointed 26 November 2003
- ⁶ Independent Non-Executive Director
- Member of Nominations Committee
- Non-Executive Director appointed as an Executive Director with effect from 1 October 2003
- ✓ Attended
- alt Alternate



BOARD COMMITTEES

Audit Committee report prepared by its Chairman, Sam Nematswerani

In addition to the Audit Committee Chairman, the Committee comprises four non-executive directors, Anton Botha, Humphrey Borkum, Bobby Johnston and Gloria Serobe. Geoff Rothschild resigned from the Committee on 1 October 2003 as a consequence of his appointment as an executive director of the JSE, but will continue to attend Audit Committee meetings by invitation for the foreseeable future. Martin Shaw (a retired senior member of the audit profession) has been appointed to the Committee with effect from 17 February 2004. His specialised input will further enhance the expertise of the Committee and we look forward to his participation. Representatives from the internal and external auditors, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer attend Audit Committee meetings by invitation. The Committee operates in accordance with a written mandate and is required to meet a minimum of three times a year.

In 2003, the Committee met only twice. A third meeting scheduled for 17 November 2003 was cancelled. This meeting was scheduled primarily to consider the 2004 budget and the year end audit plan. As a result of the envisaged CBOX IT Project, and its major impact on the budget, the 2004 budget was not complete at this time. The 2004 budget, inter alia, was tabled and approved at the Audit Committee meeting held on 17 February 2004. The audit plan for 2004 was approved by the Committee via round robin resolution prior to that meeting.

The Committee is required to review the audit plan, interim and annual financial results, budgets, forecasts and other significant audit issues. This Committee also reviews the reports by the internal auditors (PricewaterhouseCoopers and Nkonki) regarding the adequacy and effectiveness of accounting systems and internal controls. It is the responsibility of the Audit Committee to review the annual financial statements of the JSE and its entities, and to make appropriate recommendations regarding their approval by the Board.

Given the complex nature of the business and the existence of extensive audit and corporate governance requirements, the Audit Committee's task is an enormous one. The Committee has focused on the key material issues and made enormous strides in dealing with the area of its responsibility and the JSE as a business will certainly benefit from this.

Consistent with 2002, the Exchange continues to prepare its annual financial statements in compliance with International Financial Reporting Standards. From an annual financial reporting point of view, a comparison with various leading exchanges has indicated that the Exchange is a leader as it:

- prepares group accounts;
- complies with National Accounting Standards;
- complies with International Financial Reporting Standards; and
- completes this within an acceptable timeframe.

In conjunction with the statutory audit work of our external and internal auditors, the JSE's financial and accounting functions can only grow stronger and more effective.

Attendance by Committee members was as follows:

Member	1	2	iotai attendance
S Nematswerani	✓	✓	2
AD Botha	✓	✓	2
HJ Borkum	✓	✓	2
MR Johnston	✓	✓	2
GT Serobe	Х	✓	1
G Rothschild	✓	✓	2

Human Resources Committee report prepared by its Chairman, Anton Botha

The Human Resources Committee is responsible for strategic human resources issues such as succession planning, human resources policies, including employment equity and HIV/Aids issues, and the remuneration of office-bearers. In addition to the Human Resources Committee Chairman, the Committee comprises non-executive directors: Humphrey Borkum, Reuel Khoza and Stephen Koseff. Stephen Koseff was appointed to the Committee with effect from 1 January 2004. His depth of knowledge and insight into human resources matters will strengthen the Committee going forward. The Chief Executive Officer attends these meetings by invitation. Remuneration of the Board is approved as follows:

 Humphrey Borkum, Anton Botha and Reuel Khoza review the remuneration of the Executive Committee members including the Chief Executive Officer;



- · Anton Botha and Reuel Khoza review the remuneration of the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman, if appointed; and
- Humphrey Borkum, in consultation with the Chief Executive Officer, reviews the remuneration of the non-executive members of the Board, excluding the Chairman.

Stephen Koseff will now also review the remuneration of the Executive Committee members, the Chief Executive Officer, Chairman and Deputy Chairman (if appointed).

In 2003 the Committee met four times and remuneration issues dominated the work of the Committee. All employees were moved to a "cost to company" basis of remuneration from January 2003.

In light of the ongoing initiatives to ensure that the JSE remains relevant in a brutally competitive market, the Committee as part of its function, reviews the circumstances under which all JSE staff are remunerated. An independent company, 21st Century Business and Pay Solutions which is a specialist remuneration consultant, was appointed to advise the Board in this regard. Their report stressed that the JSE needed to:

- · introduce long-term retention and incentive mechanisms for its key staff and executives; and
- bring more differentiation into the fixed compensation and bonus levels of employees and executives in particular and bring this in line with comparable industry levels.

The Board intends to implement their broad proposals over time. The first steps towards this were taken at the end of 2003, through the adjustment of the salaries of three senior executive directors. The Committee considered these increases (which still resulted in salaries that are below those recommended by the independent consultants) to be absolutely necessary. Notwithstanding the difficult year faced by the JSE and the restructuring exercise, these executive directors were identified as being key to the ongoing operation of the JSE and significant shortfalls in their packages had been identified. The Chief Executive Officer received a 7% increase, which is in line with the average increase received by staff.

Non-executive directors' remuneration was also closely examined in 2003, however it was decided that it was inappropriate to adjust these to a more market related level at that point. This will be reviewed during the course of the current year.

Subject to the long-term retention strategies, other increases, bonuses and new appointments were minimised to take account of the financial position of the JSE.

Retrenchments were monitored in terms of JSE policy.

The JSE is committed to creating a workplace in which individuals of ability, potential and application can develop rewarding careers at all levels, regardless of their background, race or sexual orientation. To this end, the JSE continues to revise its employment equity policies. These policies emphasise opportunity for all, and seek to identify, develop and reward each employee who demonstrates the qualities of individual initiative, drive, determination, hard work and loyalty in his or her job.

These policies include appropriate educational support programmes, promotion and recruitment targets, training and development programmes and innovative management development practices. These programmes, targets and practices enjoy priority as business objectives, and constitute an integral part of management's performance assessments. This focus will continue until the diversity of our workforce is so evident at all levels of the Exchange that any concern with racial and gender profiles will be unnecessary. Employment Equity plans and progress were monitored. Goals were not achieved however steps will be taken during 2004 to address these deficiencies and we anticipate that good progress in this regard will be made.

The issues considered by the Committee were extensive, complex and of a sensitive nature. Despite these challenges, decisions recommended by the Committee and implemented by the Board will ensure that the JSE continues to operate efficiently and achieves the goals that the JSE has set itself.

Attendance by Committee members was as follows:

Member	1	2	3	4	Total attendance
AD Botha	✓	✓	✓	✓	4
HJ Borkum	✓	✓	✓	✓	4
RJ Khoza	✓	✓	✓	Х	3
G Rothschild#	✓	✓	✓	#	3

[#] Resigned from the Committee by virtue of his appointment as an executive director.



Nominations Committee report prepared by its Chairman, Humphrey Borkum

The Nominations Committee is responsible for formalising and managing the nominations process governing the appointment of directors, the Chairman and Board committees. In addition to the Chairman, this Committee comprises three non-executive directors Gloria Serobe, Anton Botha and Reuel Khoza. The Chief Executive Officer attends these meetings by invitation.

The Committee met once in 2003 and at that meeting the general composition of the Board was reviewed. This review took into account optimum size, demographic make up and the executive to non-executive director ratio. As a result of the review, an additional non-executive director, Wendy Luhabe was appointed to the Board. In addition and as a result of Geoff Rothschild's change of status to an executive director, the Committee recommended to the Board that Martin Shaw and Stephen Koseff be appointed to the Audit and Human Resources committees respectively. The meeting was called at short notice and as a result Reuel Khoza was not able to attend. He was, however, fully briefed on the issues by the Chairman and concurred with the recommendations made. The recommendations were accepted by the Board.

The Committee will continue to strive to achieve the correct balance between experience, expertise and demographic make up at Board level to ensure that the JSE continues to meet future challenges.

Attendance by Committee members was as follows:

Member	1	Total attendance
HJ Borkum	✓	1
GT Serobe	✓	1
AD Botha	✓	1
RJ Khoza	Х	х

Risk Management Committee report prepared by its Chairman, Nigel Payne

The Risk Management Committee is responsible for assisting the Board with the identification and evaluation of actual and potential risk areas as they pertain to the JSE and the mitigation of each risk. It operates in accordance with a written mandate. The internal audit function reports to this Committee which in turn works closely with the Audit Committee and Executive Committee to manage risk at the JSE. In addition to the Risk Management Committee Chairman, the Committee comprises the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Operating Officer, the Director: IT, the Chief Financial Officer, the Director: Surveillance and the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Committee met three times in 2003. An enterprise-wide risk matrix has been compiled, which is to be updated on an annual basis. Each risk has been allocated to an Executive Committee member or to the Executive Committee in its entirety, under the oversight of the Risk Management Committee for the ongoing management of each identified risk. Through the internal audit process, an independent assurance on all key risk areas is provided. The first full assessment will be completed during the coming financial year. The Committee believes that enormous strides were made in 2003 with the overall process of risk management. In addition, it believes that appropriate action is being taken to mitigate all risks where it is cost effective to do so. Through the ongoing collaboration of the Committee, the internal and external auditors, the Executive Committee and Board, it is anticipated that a thorough understanding of the risks accepted by the JSE in pursuance of its objectives, together with the employment of a strategy to mitigate these risks will be achieved in 2004.

Attendance by Committee members was as follows:

Member	1	2	3	Total attendance
N Payne	✓	✓	✓	3
S Nematswerani	✓	✓	✓	3
G Rothschild	✓	Х	#	1
RM Loubser	✓	✓	✓	3
LV Parsons	✓	Х	✓	2
FM Evans	✓	✓	✓	3
R Miller	✓	✓	✓	3
WF Urmson†	-	-	х	0

[#] Resigned from the Committee by virtue of appointment as an executive director.

[†] WF Urmson appointed to the Committee with effect from 26 September 2003.



RISK MANAGEMENT REVIEW

With the introduction of electronic settlement for equities through STRATE, the licensed central securities depository, the ability to identify, manage and mitigate risk has improved dramatically.

Risks influencing the environment in which the JSE operates are described below.

As part of its risk management procedures, the JSE has insurance cover across all areas of its business.

Principal risk

Principal risk is the risk of a party losing the full value of a transaction which may result from a delay between payment and the transfer of ownership of securities.

The implementation of STRATE eliminated this risk through simultaneous final irrevocable delivery versus payment thereby substantially reducing the overall risk of participating in the equities market.

Credit risk between a member and the Central Securities Depository Participant ("CSDP") remains but the JSE plays no part in this.

Technology and systems risk

The JSE provides a market for dealing in securities and financial instruments which is highly reliant on information technology. Dealing is performed electronically through JSE SETS (equities) and the ATS (derivatives) electronic trading systems. In addition, trades in securities conducted through JSE SETS are settled through the electronic settlement system operated by STRATE. In parallel with the provision of this service, the JSE also requires all equities members to maintain all their financial records on the Broker Deal Accounting system ("BDA").

The technology and systems risk is the risk that the systems and applications will be unable to manage and control the business processes and information. The JSE bears this risk, but has limited legal liability should either or all of the systems referred to above not function efficiently or not function at all, resulting in the JSE being unable to provide an efficient operational market.

The JSE Information Technology Services Department, under the supervision of the Director: Information Technology, manages this risk and specifically the risk associated with BDA, JSE SETS and the ATS, which includes a comprehensive redundancy and disaster recovery infrastructure. In addition, a comprehensive audit is conducted by independent consultants to monitor and make recommendations in respect of the integrity of these systems. The JSE is currently investigating outsourcing its Information Technology infrastructure and services to a local supplier including a complete re-engineering of its application, data and technical architecture. Any risks resulting from this process are being managed.

Settlement and liquidity risk

Settlement risk is the risk that a party to an outstanding transaction will fail to perform on the prescribed settlement date and that a transaction will fail as a result.

Liquidity risk is closely associated to settlement risk and is the risk that a party will not have sufficient liquidity to meet its settlement obligations.

(1) Equities

There is no settlement or liquidity risk to the JSE in respect of an off-market trade. The contracting parties to an off-market trade bear this risk

Settlement performance is the cornerstone of any securities exchange and therefore the JSE, in certain prescribed circumstances, guarantees settlement and is required to manage settlement, bearing the liquidity and price risk for both the cash and securities.

The failure by a party to perform its settlement obligations may result in a counterparty having an open position. To address this situation it is necessary to incur the cost of replacing, at current market prices, the securities subject to the agreed transaction. This risk is exacerbated by liquidity risk and price risk, which is the possibility that the price of replacing the required securities has materially and negatively changed. The JSE environment comprises a hierarchical risk structure with the obligations of the client being guaranteed by the client's JSE member. The JSE member's obligations in this regard are guaranteed by the JSE. The JSE has recourse in respect of any negative price movement against the JSE member who introduced the trade. Accordingly, the JSE's settlement risk in this regard is directly proportional to the extent that both the client and the JSE member are not able to fulfil their obligations.



The JSE has, through its rules, taken steps to address and limit settlement, price and liquidity risk. The Settlement Authority is appointed in terms of the JSE rules and is currently the Director: Clearing and Settlement who is dedicated to facilitating and managing settlement. The Settlement Authority has a wide range of intellectual and information technology resources at its disposal as well as far reaching powers to manage the relevant risks and facilitate the settlement of transactions in listed securities. These powers include the ability to impose collateral requirements on members and to act as lender of last resort (securities and cash) to a party who is potentially not able to comply with his obligations. The Settlement Authority has through various avenues secured access to settlement facilities. To date, only securities have been borrowed in this regard and there has been a hundred percent success rate of settling trades on due date.

(2) Derivatives

Warrants are traded in the same manner as equities, through JSE SETS and the situation set out in 1 above applies to these. In respect of derivatives traded on the financial derivatives and agricultural products market, provided that a transaction is traded through the ATS system, the considerations set out below will apply.

With regard to the derivatives business, a hierarchical risk management structure exists. In terms of this structure, members guarantee client obligations and clearing members guarantee member obligations. The JSE is the guarantor of last resort and only to the extent that the client, member and clearing member are not able to perform. The clearing members are major financial institutions of substance. This structure in conjunction with the margining system is effective in managing the settlement, liquidity and price risks. The Director: Equities and Derivatives Trading is responsible for risk management regarding financial derivatives, while the General Manager: Agricultural Products is responsible for risk management regarding agricultural derivatives.

Systemic risk

Systemic risk is the risk where a disruption to the JSE, STRATE, a CSDP, clearing and settlement members or the settlement system as a whole, causes a knock-on effect throughout the financial markets, toppling one financial institution after another resulting in a loss of confidence in the system. This may result from a lack of solvency on the part of a stakeholder resulting in an inability to settle a multitude of transactions. Alternatively an operational issue may contribute towards large-scale non-fulfilment of transactions.

The JSE is subject to systemic risk, which is managed by the various stakeholders who participate in the financial markets. The JSE manages the risk insofar as it can through the Risk Management committee and its various divisions, including the Settlement Authority, Surveillance, Information Technology, Trading and Legal divisions of the JSE by means of a uniform and flexible policy of risk management and controls. A Guarantee Fund, Fidelity Fund and financial reserves are in place in the event that control procedures in place fail.

In addition, an "In-and-Out" fidelity insurance policy with cover of R750 million is in place to cover fidelity related claims by equities members and the JSE.

Fidelity risk

This is the risk of employees or agents of the JSE committing fraud or an unauthorised activity. The JSE has a large amount of funds under its management, including monies deposited in JSE Trustees (Pty) Limited, SAFEX Clearing Company (Pty) Limited, the JSE Guarantee Fund Trust and the JSE Derivatives Fidelity Fund Trust. The Chief Financial Officer is responsible for managing this risk which is mitigated through the enforcement of stringent delegation of powers, segregation of duties, rules setting out checks and balances, low risk investment policies as well as fidelity and similar insurance.

Legal risk

This is the risk that a transaction or contract cannot be consummated due to a legal impediment. The JSE is subject to this risk. The Deputy Chief Executive Officer is responsible for addressing this risk and heads up the Legal division, which consists of six legal professionals who, in conjunction with external legal counsel, including Senior Counsel, attend to managing this risk.

Currency risk

This is the risk of increased costs of doing business as well as defaulting on foreign currency payment obligations as a result of the devaluation of the Rand.



The JSE is exposed to this risk in terms of:

- · an agreement with the LSE in terms of which the LSE provides the JSE with the JSE SETS and InfoWiz systems; and
- . an agreement with GL Trade in terms of which the JSE provides front end technology to the equity market (known as TALX).

This risk is managed by the Chief Financial Officer, in consultation with a currency risk committee comprised of JSE staff and industry specialists, through the use of derivative financial instruments to cap exposure.

Reputational risk

Reputational risk is the risk of damage to the JSE's reputation. Given the nature of a financial market and the importance of the integrity of the market, this is a very grave risk and is a risk which is a natural consequence of all other risks set out above.

STRATE is a crucial element of the market. The risk associated with electronic settlement of equities transactions is not directly within the control of the JSE. This risk, if not managed, will result in the tarnishing of the JSE's reputation and affect the ongoing viability of the securities market. The JSE is represented by four directors on the STRATE board of directors, and thereby influences the management of the STRATE business, including the management of all STRATE related risk issues. In this way, the reputation risk to the JSE resulting from a STRATE related default, is managed and mitigated. An international survey has highlighted the enormous improvements to operational and settlement risks which should have a beneficial effect, particularly on the non-resident clientele of the market.

The Chief Executive Officer is generally responsible for managing this risk and under his guidance all aspects of the JSE business are focused on ensuring a safe, transparent and efficient market.

Directors' responsibility for the annual financial statements



for the year ended 31 December 2003

The directors are responsible for monitoring the preparation and integrity of the financial statements and related information included in this annual report.

In order for the Board to discharge its responsibilities, management has developed and continues to maintain a system of internal controls. The Board has ultimate responsibility for the system of internal controls and reviews its operation.

The internal controls include a risk-based system of internal accounting and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are executed and recorded in accordance with generally accepted business practices and the JSE's policies and procedures. Trained, skilled personnel with an appropriate segregation of duties implement these controls. The controls are monitored by management and include a comprehensive budgeting and reporting system operating within strict deadlines and an appropriate control framework.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. The financial statements incorporate responsible disclosure in line with the accounting philosophy of the JSE. The annual financial statements are based on appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors believe that the JSE and its entities will be able to continue as going concerns in the year ahead. For this reason they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual financial statements.

The annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 set out on pages 38 to 71 have been approved by the Board on 24 February 2004 and are signed on its behalf by:

HJ Borkum

Chairman

RM Loubser

Chief Executive Officer

DECLARATION BY SECRETARY

In my capacity as Secretary, I hereby confirm that the JSE has complied with all statutory and regulatory requirements in accordance with the Stock Exchanges Control Act, No 1 of 1985, as amended, and the Financial Markets Control Act, No 55 of 1989, as amended, and all directives issued by the Financial Services Board. I further confirm that all required returns are true and up to date.

GC Clarke

Secretary

Report of the independent auditors



TO THE RIGHTS HOLDERS OF THE JSE SECURITIES EXCHANGE SOUTH AFRICA

We have audited the annual financial statements and the consolidated annual financial statements of the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa ("the Exchange") and its entities ("the Group") set out on pages 38 to 71 for the year ended 31 December 2003. These financial statements are the responsibility of the directors. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

SCOPE

We conducted our audit in accordance with Statements of South African Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes:

- · examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements,
- assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and
- · evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

AUDIT OPINION

In our opinion, the annual financial statements and the consolidated annual financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position of the Exchange and the Group at 31 December 2003 and the results of their operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and in the manner required by the Stock Exchanges Control Act, No. 1 of 1985, as amended and the Financial Markets Control Act, No. 55 of 1989, as amended.

KPMG Inc.

Registered Accountants and Auditors

Johannesburg 24 February 2004



The directors have pleasure in presenting their report for the year ended 31 December 2003.

BUSINESS ACTIVITIES

The JSE is a stock exchange and financial market licensed in terms of the Stock Exchanges Control Act, No.1 of 1985 and the Financial Markets Control Act, No. 55 of 1989.

GENERAL REVIEW OF OPERATIONS

As at 31 December 2003, there were:

		2003	2002
 8 281 ²/₄ (2002 – 8 281 ²/₄) JSE rights in issue; and 			
• a total of 236 (2002 – 242) JSE members comprised as follows:			
Equity broking members comprising:		53	66
 Equity broking members only 		33	42
 Equity broking, custody and settlement members 		20	24
Financial derivatives members		102	101
Agricultural products members		78	72
Custody and settlement members only		3	3
The staff complement (excluding fixed term and independent contractors) of the JSE as at			
31 December 2003, on a departmental basis, was as follows:			
	2004	2003	2002
Administration	17	22	21
Agricultural Products	5	5	5
CEO's Office	3	4	4
Class of Project	4	7	4
Clearing and Settlement (Settlement Authority)	10	13	13
Corporate Marketing and Communications	15	15	13
Equities and Derivatives Trading	15	19	16
Finance	19	19	17
Human Resources	10	12	11
Inspectorate	20	24	23
Information Technology	38	54	70
Listings	36	45	43
New Business and General Counsel	22	19	19
Strategy (Including Customer Services and Support)	33	34	38
Total	247*	292	297

^{*}This number reflects the total staff complement of the JSE as at 1 January 2004.

During the year under review, the following significant events occurred:

1. In the last quarter of 2003 the JSE embarked on a restructuring process. This was primarily as a result of poor market conditions, low trading volumes and the knock-on effect on the Exchange's profitability. Staff and IT costs comprise the bulk of the JSE's operating expenditure and the retrenchments were seen as a necessary part of reducing the JSE cost base. Following extensive consultation in terms of the requirements of the Labour Relations Act, 42 employees were retrenched, of which 31 were voluntary. As a result, the reduction in the JSE's salary bill will be approximately R13 million per year. In addition, eight employee vacancies were cancelled and the positions of consultants and independent contractors appointed by the JSE were also reviewed as part of the process. The cancellation of vacancies and the termination of various contracts will result in further cost reductions of approximately R13 million per annum.

Directors' report (continued)

for the year ended 31 December 2003



- On 1 October 2003, the Board mandated the executive committee to initiate negotiations with a leading local supplier to investigate the
 outsourcing of its Information Technology infrastructure operations and services, as well as to investigate a complete re-engineering of its
 application, data and technical architecture. These initiatives, if implemented, will have a significant impact on the 2004 results.
- 3. As was reported in 2002, the JSE entered into a contract with the London Stock Exchange ("LSE") which allowed the JSE to implement JSE SETS and InfoWiz. This agreement has increased the Exchange's foreign currency exposure. Foreign currency commitments have been hedged through the purchase of forward exchange contracts. The recent approval for the JSE to hold Pound and Dollar Customer Foreign Currency Accounts will also facilitate the hedging of this exposure.
- 4. Alt* was launched in October 2003. Alt* has been set up as a division of the JSE. The main objective of Alt* is to provide a mechanism for small and medium sized companies to list and raise capital. This will allow newer, smaller companies to acquire a public profile and raise capital within a regulated environment. The alternative market is also anticipated to benefit black economic empowerment in South Africa. By year end, three companies had received approval to list on Alt*. The initiative is therefore not anticipated to have any impact on the JSE's 2004 revenue.
- 5. 57 companies have delisted over the past year. The number of listed companies has fallen from 700 companies in 1999 to less than 425 companies in 2003. The large number of delistings was in some measure due to the prevailing economic environment but also as a result of deliberate action by the JSE to remove from the Exchange companies that no longer meet JSE Listing Requirements. This will have an impact on the JSE's revenue.
- 6. With effect from 1 August 2003, STRATE acquired the businesses of Universal Exchange Corporation Limited ("UNExcor") and Central Depository Limited ("CD"). The purchase consideration was settled via the issue of STRATE shares. The transaction has had the effect of diluting the Exchange's shareholding in STRATE from 50% to 41%. STRATE will continue to be accounted for as an associated company of the Exchange.

PREPARATION OF CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared as follows:

- "Exchange" means the JSE
- "Group" includes the Exchange, SAFEX Clearing Company (Proprietary) Limited, JSE Guarantee Fund Trust and JSE Derivatives Fidelity Fund
 Trust.

Equity Accounted Entities:

STRATE Limited in which the JSE has a 41% (2002: 50%) holding; and Indexco Managers (Proprietary) Limited in which the JSE has a 33% holding.

Other entities for which disclosure is made as funds under management: JSE Trustees (Proprietary) Limited; and Indexco I, II and III Limited.

SECRETARY

The Secretary at the date of this report is GC Clarke.

Business addressPostal addressOne Exchange SquarePrivate Bag X991174Gwen LaneSandtonSandown2146

AUDITORS

KPMG Inc.

Income statements

for the year ended 31 December 2003



			Group	Exchange		
	Notes	2003	2002	2003	2002	
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
Revenue	2.1	329 702	349 437	336 790	355 833	
Personnel expenses	3.1	(131 708)	(118 436)	(131 708)	(118 436)	
Other operating expenses	3.2	(252 067)	(233 067)	(237 693)	(215 749)	
(Deficit)/surplus from operations		(54 073)	(2 066)	(32 611)	21 648	
Other operating income	2.2	13 212	11 877	12 198	10 763	
Interest received	3.3	409 145	350 277	36 933	45 111	
Interest paid	3.4	(363 284)	(304 154)	(4 983)	(11 906)	
Attributable profit/(loss) from associated companies	7.1	14 571	(7 964)	14 571	(7 964)	
Net surplus for the year		19 571	47 970	26 108	57 652	
Headline earnings	4	9 576	49 644	8 656	59 326	

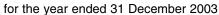
Balance sheets

as at 31 December 2003



	Group Excha							
	Notes	2003	2002	2003	2002			
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000			
Assets								
Non-current assets		229 081	235 451	153 527	168 829			
Property, plant and equipment	5	114 079	138 752	114 079	138 752			
Investments	6	78 758	75 026	4	4			
Investment in associated companies	7	36 244	21 673	36 244	21 673			
Interest in subsidiaries	8	_	-	3 200	8 400			
Current assets		3 729 190	3 130 047	367 246	403 905			
Accounts receivable	9	52 464	51 065	45 970	42 939			
Forward exchange contracts	18	4	_	4	_			
Margin deposits	10.1	3 317 254	2 731 375	20 626	28 357			
Collateral deposits	10.2	17 089	4 448	17 089	4 448			
Cash on deposit and bank balances	11	342 379	343 159	283 557	328 161			
Total assets		3 958 271	3 365 498	520 773	572 734			
Reserves and liabilities								
Reserves	12	528 807	509 236	386 406	360 298			
Non-current liabilities		42 418	36 892	43 915	38 409			
Finance lease	17	402	1 111	402	1 111			
Provisions	13	23 362	17 127	23 362	17 127			
Due to SAFEX members	15	18 654	18 654	18 654	18 654			
Due to subsidiaries	8	_	-	1 497	1 517			
Current liabilities		3 387 046	2 819 370	90 452	174 027			
Accounts payable	16	40 929	38 715	40 963	38 933			
Forward exchange contracts	18	4 792	6 942	4 792	6 942			
Margin deposits	10.1	3 317 254	2 731 375	20 626	28 357			
Collateral deposits	10.2	17 089	4 448	17 089	4 448			
Due to SAFEX members	15	6 982	37 890	6 982	37 890			
Due to Fidelity Fund		_	_	_	57 457			
Total reserves and liabilities		3 958 271	3 365 498	520 773	572 734			

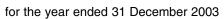
Statements of changes in reserves for the year ended 31 December 2003





	JSE Guarantee Fund Trust R'000	JSE Derivatives Fidelity Fund Trust R'000	JSE rights R'000	ECH reserve R'000	Non- distributable reserve R'000	Accumulated surplus R'000	Total R'000
Group							
Balance at 1 January 2002	101 010	57 457	169 619	18 400	-	114 780	461 266
Transfer from ECH reserve	-	-	-	(18 400)	-	18 400	-
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year	(10 258)	-	-	-	-	58 228	47 970
Balance at 31 December 2002	90 752	57 457	169 619	_	_	191 408	509 236
Balance at 1 January 2003	90 752	57 457	169 619	-	_	191 408	509 236
Net surplus/(deficit) for the year	1 911	(7 457)	-	-	-	25 117	19 571
Transfer of unrealised gain to NDR	-	-	-	-	10 058	(10 058)	-
Balance at 31 December 2003	92 663	50 000	169 619	-	10 058	206 467	528 807
Exchange							
Balance at 1 January 2002			169 619	18 400	-	114 627	302 646
Transfer from ECH reserve			-	(18 400)	-	18 400	-
Net surplus for the year			-	-	-	57 652	57 652
Balance at 31 December 2002			169 619	_	_	190 679	360 298
Balance at 1 January 2003			169 619	_	_	190 679	360 298
Net surplus for the year			-	-	-	26 108	26 108
Transfer of unrealised gain to NDR			-	-	10 058	(10 058)	-
Balance at 31 December 2003			169 619	-	10 058	206 729	386 406

Cash flow statements





	Group							
Notes	2003	2002	2003	2002				
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000				
Cash (utilised)/generated by operations 21.1	(47 797)	42 891	(16 477)	59 712				
Interest received	409 145	350 277	36 933	45 111				
Interest paid	(363 284)	(304 154)	(4 983)	(11 906)				
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities	(1 936)	89 014	15 473	92 917				
Cash flows from investing activities								
Investment to maintain operations	(14)	(1 619)	(14)	(1 619)				
Replacements of property, plant and equipment.	(66)	(1 778)	(66)	(1 778)				
Proceeds on disposals of property, plant and equipment.	52	159	52	159				
Investment to expand operations	1 170	(60 134)	(2 606)	(53 855)				
Recovery of long-term deposit	_	6 109	_	6 109				
Proceeds on maturity of fund investments	19 048	14 334	-	-				
Proceeds on sale of investment property	-	5 200	-	-				
Additions to investments	(15 272)	(25 813)	-	-				
Investment in associated companies	_	(30 000)	-	(30 000)				
Leasehold improvements	(25)	(746)	(25)	(746)				
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(2 581)	(29 218)	(2 581)	(29 218)				
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities	1 156	(61 753)	(2 620)	(55 474)				
Cash flows from financing activities								
Fidelity Fund payment	-	-	(57 457)	-				
Net cash outflow from financing activities	-	-	(57 457)					
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	(780)	27 261	(44 604)	37 443				
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	343 159	315 898	328 161	290 718				
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year 11	342 379	343 159	283 557	328 161				

Notes to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2003



1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The JSE is a stock exchange and financial market domiciled in South Africa. The annual financial statements incorporate the principal accounting policies set out below, and are in all material respects, consistent with those adopted in the previous financial year. The accounting policies of the associated companies are consistent with those of the JSE.

1.1 Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards adopted by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"), and interpretations issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee of the IASB.

1.2 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are presented in Rand, rounded to the nearest thousand. The Exchange and Group financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the items stated at fair value as described below.

1.3 Basis of consolidation

1.3.1 Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are those entities over whose financial and operating policies the Group has the power to exercise control, so as to obtain benefits from their activities. The Group financial statements incorporate the assets, liabilities and results of the operations of the SAFEX Clearing Company (Proprietary) Limited ("Safcom"), the JSE Derivatives Fidelity Fund Trust and the JSE Guarantee Fund Trust.

1.3.2 Investments in associated companies

An associate is an enterprise over whose financial and operating policies the Group has the ability to exercise significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Group. The equity method of accounting for associated companies is adopted in the Group and Exchange financial statements. In applying the equity method, account is taken of the Group's share of accumulated retained earnings and movements in reserves from the effective date on which the enterprise became an associate. The share of associated companies' retained earnings and reserves is determined from the latest audited financial statements.

1.3.3 Transactions eliminated on consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

1.4 Intangible assets

Research and development

Expenditure and research activities, undertaken with the prospect of gaining new technical knowledge and understanding, are recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred.

Expenditure on development activities, whereby research findings are applied to a plan for the production of new or substantially improved products and processes, is capitalised if the product or process is technically and commercially feasible and the Exchange has sufficient resources to complete the development. The expenditure capitalised includes the cost of direct consulting charges, direct labour and an appropriate proportion of overheads.

Other development expenditure is recognised in the income statement as an expense as incurred. Capitalised development expenditure is stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

1.5 Financial instruments

Measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out below:

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables originated by the Group are stated at cost less impairments to receivables.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at cost.

for the year ended 31 December 2003



1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.5 Financial instruments (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at amortised cost, comprising original debt less principal payments and amortisations.

Derivative financial instruments

The Exchange uses derivative financial instruments to hedge its exposure to foreign exchange risks arising from operational activities. The Exchange does not hold derivative financial instruments for trading purposes. However, derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted for as trading instruments.

Derivative instruments are initially recognised at cost. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value and the resultant gains or losses are recognised in the income statement.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are carried at fair value, which is calculated by reference to exchange quoted selling prices at the close of business on the balance sheet date. Gains and losses arising from a change in fair value are included in other income in the period in which the change arises.

1.6 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment. Depreciation is calculated on the straight line basis, over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Subsequent expenditure relating to an asset is capitalised when it is probable that future economic benefits from the use of that asset will be increased. All other subsequent expenditure is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

1.7 Impairments

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For intangible assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable amount is estimated at each balance sheet date. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement.

1.8 Finance leases

Leases in terms of which the Exchange assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Equipment acquired by way of finance lease is stated at an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

The interest expense component of finance lease payments is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method.

1.9 Operating leases

Leases where the lessor retains the risks and rewards of ownership of the underlying asset are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

1.10 Revenue

Revenue comprises trading fees, clearing fees, risk management clearing and settlement fees, data vending services, membership fees, listing fees, Broker Deal Accounting services, funds management fees and publication sales. Revenue is recognised in the financial year to which it relates. All revenue is reflected excluding VAT.

1.11 Interest

Interest is recognised on a time proportion basis, taking account of the principal outstanding and the effective rate over the period to maturity, when it is probable that such income will accrue to the JSE.

for the year ended 31 December 2003



1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

1.12 Other income

Other income comprises investment income, foreign exchange gains and sundry income.

1.13 Taxation

The JSE is exempt from normal taxation in terms of section 10(1)(d) of the Income Tax Act, No. 58 of 1962. The JSE subsidiary, SAFEX Clearing Company (Proprietary) Limited, is subject to normal taxation in terms of the Income Tax Act, No 58 of 1962. Taxation arising from this entity is immaterial and has not been separately disclosed.

National Treasury has indicated that the tax status of the JSE is to be reviewed.

1.14 Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate of exchange ruling at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Foreign exchange differences on translation are recognised in the income statement.

1.15 Provisions

Provisions are liabilities of uncertain timing or amount. Provisions are recognised when there is a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will occur, and where a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

1.16 Employee benefits

1.16.1 Short-term employee benefits

The cost of all short-term employee benefits is recognised during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

1.16.2 Pension and provident funds

The above funds are defined contribution funds. Contributions to these funds are charged against revenue as incurred and in the period in which the employee renders the service.

1.16.3 Medical aid

The JSE's policy is not to provide post retirement medical benefits to employees.

1.17 Cash and cash equivalents

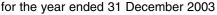
For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held on call with banks, all of which are available for use by the Group unless otherwise stated.

1.18 Segment reporting

The services provided by the JSE are not subject to materially different risks and are regarded as a single business segment for annual financial statement reporting purposes.

1.19 Funds under management

The JSE performs the administrative and management function for JSE Trustees (Proprietary) Limited, Indexco Limited, Indexco II Limited and Indexco III Limited. The JSE does not control these entities and accordingly has not consolidated their results into the consolidated financial statements. Abridged financial statements for these entities are disclosed as appendices to the annual financial statements.

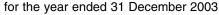




				Group	Exchange		
			2003	2002	2003	2002	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
2.	REVE	NUE					
	2.1	Revenue comprises –					
		Derivatives trading and clearing fees	73 700	65 156	73 700	65 156	
		- Financial Derivatives Division	23 908	22 121	23 908	22 121	
		– Agricultural Products Division	49 792	43 035	49 792	43 035	
		Equities trading fees	62 171	61 949	62 171	61 949	
		Risk management, clearing and settlement fees	22 590	24 853	22 590	24 853	
		Data vending services	44 888	48 450	44 888	48 450	
		General administration levy	-	5 253	-	5 253	
		Membership fees	7 023	6 805	7 023	6 805	
		Listing fees	47 962	54 879	47 962	54 879	
		Broker Deal Accounting services	60 907	71 648	60 907	71 648	
		Funds management and other	10 461	10 444	17 549	16 840	
			329 702	349 437	336 790	355 833	
	2.2	Other operating income comprises -					
		Bad debts recovered	-	6 109	-	6 109	
		JSE Guarantee Fund Trust	8 471	639			
		- dividend income	1 500	1 121	_	_	
		 revaluation of investments 	5 819	(2 926)	_	-	
		- other operating income	1 152	2 444	_	_	
		Rental income	3 587	3 289	3 587	3 289	
		Sundry income	1 154	1 840	8 611	1 365	
		– Fidelity Fund write back	_	_	7 457	_	
		- other	1 154	1 840	1 154	1 365	
			13 212	11 877	12 198	10 763	
3.	(DEFI	CIT)/SURPLUS FROM OPERATIONS					
	3.1	Personnel expenses					
		Remuneration paid to employees	101 642	96 030	101 642	96 030	
		Cost of retrenchments	8 618	-	8 618	-	
		Directors' emoluments (refer note 23)	10 391	10 003	10 391	10 003	
		executive directors	8 583	8 044	8 583	8 044	
		 non-executive directors 	1 808	1 959	1 808	1 959	
		Remuneration paid other than to employees					
		for technical services	11 057	12 403	11 057	12 403	
			131 708	118 436	131 708	118 436	



				Group	Ex	Exchange		
			2003	2002	2003	2002		
			R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		
3.	(DEFI	CIT)/SURPLUS FROM OPERATIONS (continued) Other operating expenses are arrived at after taking into account –						
		Auditors' remuneration	1 054	1 253	954	1 186		
		 audit fee fees for special audit prior year under accruals audit fee 	840 40 174	785 203 265	740 40 174	718 203 265		
		• other services	65	250	65	250		
		Consulting fees	31 881	15 694	31 881	15 694		
		strategiccapitalisedother	23 737 - 8 144	20 685 (10 523) 5 532	23 737 - 8 144	20 685 (10 523) 5 532		
		Depreciation	27 229	20 792	27 229	20 792		
		- Computer hardware	4 491	6 178	4 491	6 178		
		ownedleased	3 914 577	5 889 289	3 914 577	5 889 289		
		Computer softwareFurniture and equipmentLeasehold improvementsVehicles	17 227 2 091 3 403 17	9 107 2 104 3 397 6	17 227 2 091 3 403 17	9 107 2 104 3 397 6		
		Foreign exchange loss Impairment to trade receivables (written back)/raised Information systems upgrade Legal fees Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	9 830 (2 960) - 1 915 63	8 236 1 880 1 800 1 930 1 674	9 830 (2 960) - 1 915 63	8 236 1 880 1 800 1 930 1 674		
		(Profit)/loss on sale of investments Mainframe maintenance Operating lease charges	(1 688) 39 478 19 427	1 815 43 573 18 111	39 478 19 427	43 573 18 111		
		buildingsoffice equipment	18 257 1 170	16 994 1 117	18 257 1 170	16 994 1 117		
		Post-retirement medical benefits	_	(16 070)		(16 070)		
		- paid current year - current service cost - gain on change in benefit plan	- - -	(8 796) 1 319 (10 839)	- - -	(8 796) 1 319 (10 839)		
		interest cost	_	2 246	_	2 246		

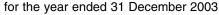




				Group	Ex	change
			2003 R'000	2002 R'000	2003 R'000	2002 R'000
3.	(DEFI	ICIT)/SURPLUS FROM OPERATIONS (continued) Interest received				
		Own funds JSE Guarantee Fund Trust and JSE Derivatives	31 920	30 945	31 336	30 679
		Fidelity Fund Trust Interest received on guarantees	5 203 2 109	5 613 6 052	2 109	6 052
		Interest received on margin deposits – equities	369 913 3 488	307 667 8 380	3 488	8 380 8 380
		- derivatives	366 425	299 287		-
			409 145	350 277	36 933	45 111
	3.4	Interest paid Finance costs Interest paid on guarantees Interest paid on margin deposits	245 2 109 360 930	159 6 052 297 943	245 2 109 2 629	159 6 052 5 695
		equitiesderivatives	2 629 358 301	5 695 292 248	2 629	5 695
			363 284	304 154	4 983	11 906
4	RECONCILIATION OF HEADLINE EARNINGS Net surplus for the year		19 571	47 970	26 108	57 652
	Loss (stments are made for the following: on disposal of property, plant and equipment alised gain on dilution in investment in STRATE Limited ty Fund write-back	63 (10 058) –	1 674 - -	63 (10 058) (7 457)	1 674 - -
	Head	line earnings	9 576	49 644	8 656	59 326
5.	PROF	PERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	Depreciation rates	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value
_			%	R'000	R'000	R'000
	5.1	Group and Exchange 2003				
		Computer hardware Computer software	12,5 to 33,3	50 439	44 497 48 057	5 942 52 150
		Furniture and equipment	12,5 to 33,3 10,0	101 216 20 047	46 05 <i>1</i> 6 654	53 159 13 393
		Leased assets	33,3	1 732	866	866
		Leasehold improvements	6,7	51 632	10 964	40 668
		Vehicles	20,0	101	50	51
				225 167	111 088	114 079

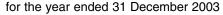


			I	Depreciation rates %	Cos R'00	st dep	mulated reciation R'000	Carrying value R'000
PRO	OPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIP	MENT (conti	nued)					
5.1		continued)						
	2002					_		
	Computer hardware			12,5 to 33,3	44 64	-	36 964	7 684
	Computer software			12,5 to 33,3	101 10		30 944	70 158
	Furniture and equipment			10,0	19 91	-	4 564	15 353
	Leased assets			33,3	5 42	· ·	3 981	1 443
	Leasehold improvements	;		6,7	51 60	-	7 561	44 046
	Vehicles			20,0	10	1	33	68
					222 79	9	84 047	138 752
5.2	Reconciliation of carry	ing value						
				Furniture		Leasehold		
		Computer	Computer	and	Leased	improve-		
		hardware	software	equipment	assets	ments	Vehicles	Total
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
	Group and Exchange 2003							
	Beginning of year	7 684	70 158	15 353	1 443	44 046	68	138 752
	Additions	2 207	309	131	-	25	-	2 672
	Disposals	(35)	(81)	-	-	-	-	(116)
	Depreciation	(3 914)	(17 227)	(2 091)	(577)	(3 403)	(17)	(27 229)
	End of year	5 942	53 159	13 393	866	40 668	51	114 079
	2002							
	Beginning of year	10 729	55 623	16 790	_	46 692	13	129 847
	Additions	9 676	88 092	1 046	1 732	1 235	63	101 844
	Disposals	(6 832)	(64 450)	(379)	_	(484)	(2)	(72 147)
	Depreciation	(5 889)	(9 107)	(2 104)	(289)	(3 397)	(6)	(20 792)
	End of year	7 684	70 158	15 353	1 443	44 046	68	138 752



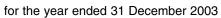


				E	Exchange		
			2003	2002	2003	2002	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
6.	INVE	STMENTS					
	6.1	JSE investments					
		Emerging Enterprise Zone (Proprietary) Limited	1	1	1	1	
		Open Outcry Investment Holdings			_		
		(Proprietary) Limited	1	1	1	1	
		Indexco Limited, Indexco II Limited and Indexco III Limited		4		-	
		Stock Exchange Nominees (Proprietary) Limited	1	1	1	1	
		Stock Exchange Normhees (Frophetary) Limited	<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>	•		
			4	4	4	4	
	6.2	JSE Guarantee Fund Trust investments					
		Bonds – market value	36 473	36 465	-	-	
		Equities – market value	35 529	31 180	_	-	
		Foreign unit trusts – fair value	6 142	6 842	_	-	
		Unit trusts – fair value	610	535	-	_	
			78 754	75 022	-	-	
		Total investments	78 758	75 026	4	4	
7.	INVE	STMENT IN ASSOCIATED COMPANIES					
	7.1	Carrying amount					
		Carrying amount at beginning of year					
		- STRATE Limited	21 698	(428)	21 698	(428)	
		 Indexco Managers (Proprietary) Limited 	(25)	65	(25)	65	
		Current year investment					
		– STRATE Limited	-	30 000	-	30 000	
		Share of profit/(loss)	14 571	(7 964)	14 571	(7 964)	
		- STRATE Limited	14 582	(7 874)	14 582	(7 874)	
		Earnings for the year	4 524	(7 874)	4 524	(7 874)	
		Gain on dilution	10 058	_	10 058	_	
		- Indexco Managers (Proprietary) Limited	(11)	(90)	(11)	(90)	
		Carrying amount at end of year	36 244	21 673	36 244	21 673	





			STF	ATE Lim	ited			nagers) Limited		Total
			2003 R'000		2002 R'000	2003 R'000		2002 R'000	2003 R'000	2002 R'000
		STMENT IN ASSOCIATED PANIES (continued)								
	7.2	Post acquisition share of (loss)/income								
		Share of opening accumulate								
		(loss)/income	(73 302)	,	5 428)	(25)		65	(73 327)	(65 363)
		Share of income/(loss) after to Gain on dilution	4 524 10 058	(7 874) –	(11) -		(90) –	4 513 10 058	(7 964) –
		Share of closing accumulate (loss)/income	(58 720)	(7	3 302)	(36)		(25)	(58 756)	(73 327)
	7.3.	Summarised financial statements								
		Non-current assets	93 986	10	0 352	4 196		2 071	98 182	102 423
		Net current (liabilities)/assets			6 994	(3 380)		(988)	(6 321)	46 006
			91 045	14	7 346	816		1 083	91 861	148 429
		Share capital	225 000	19	0 000	1		1	225 001	190 001
		Accumulated loss	(136 513)		6 604)	(110)		(79)	(136 623)	(146 683)
		Share capital and reserves	88 487	43 396		(109)		(78)	88 378	43 318
SI		Shareholders' loans	-		_	5		387	5	387
		Non-current liabilities	2 558	10	3 950	920		774	3 478	104 724
			91 045	14	7 346	816 1		1 083	91 861	148 429
		Revenue	110 949	81 713		10 908		18 462 1		100 175
		Operating expenses	(95 977)	,	5 638) (10 376)			(18 422)	(106 353)	(104 060)
		Net finance costs	(4 881)		1 823)	(563)		(314)	(5 444)	(12 137)
		Income/(loss) for the yea	10 091	(1	5 748)	(31)		(274)	10 060	(16 022)
			Carrying amount		ctive group holding) I	Numb	er of shares held		Directors' valuation
				2003	2002	_	003	2002	2003	2002
			R'000	%	9/	/o			R'000	R'000
	7.4	Unlisted associated companies								
		STRATE Limited Indexco Managers	36 280	41	50	0 12	000	12 000	36 280	21 698
		(Proprietary) Limited	(36)	33	33	3	50	50	(36)	1
			36 244			12	050	12 050	36 244	21 699





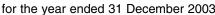
		Issued share capital	h	rcentage nolding		ares at		ns due to
		R'000	2003 %	2002 %	2003 R'000	2002 R'000	2003 R'000	2002 R'000
8. SUE 8.1	 Investment in subsidiaries Issued share capital directly held SAFEX Clearing Company (Proprietary) Limited E.S.G. Financial Services	8,3	11	11	3 200	3 200	1 497	1 517
	(Proprietary) Limited	0,1	100	100	-	5 200	-	-
					3 200	8 400	1 497	1 517

The JSE has full management control over SAFEX Clearing Company (Proprietary) Limited.

All subsidiaries are incorporated in South Africa.

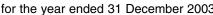
F.S.G Financial Services (Proprietary) Limited has not been consolidated as its property was sold during the year, and the majority of the proceeds distributed.

				1	Exchange
				2003	2002
				R'000	R'000
8.2	Net investment in subsidiaries				
	Shares at cost less amounts written off			3 200	8 400
	Net loan from subsidiary			(1 497)	(1 517)
	Net investment in subsidiaries			1 703	6 883
			Group	E	xchange
		2003	2002	2003	2002
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
. ACC	COUNTS RECEIVABLE				
Trad	le receivables	27 255	29 767	27 073	29 762
JSE	Guarantee Fund Trust	6 463	8 121	_	-
Prep	paid expenses	11 059	5 640	11 059	5 640
Inter	rest receivable	1 745	2 803	1 745	2 803
Othe	er	5 942	4 734	6 093	4 734
		52 464	51 065	45 970	42 939



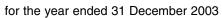


			Group		Exchange		
			2003	2002	2003	2002	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
10.	MARG	GIN AND COLLATERAL DEPOSITS					
		n and collateral deposits received are managed and					
		ed on behalf of members in terms of the JSE's rules.					
	These	funds have been placed with A1 and A1+ rated banks.					
	10.1	Margin deposits					
		Total margin deposits	3 317 254	2 731 375	20 626	28 357	
		– equities	20 626	28 357	20 626	28 357	
		- derivatives	3 296 628	2 703 018	_	_	
	10.2	Collateral deposits	17 089	4 448	17 089	4 448	
		The JSE acts as an agent in securities lending					
		transactions necessary to facilitate electronic					
		settlement in the STRATE environment. At year-end,					
		interest bearing collateral deposits of R17,1 million					
		(2002: R4,4 million) have been lodged as security					
		against securities lending transactions with a					
		market value of R16,8 million (2002: R3,1 million).					
11.	CASH	ON DEPOSIT AND BANK BALANCES					
	Cash	on deposit and bank balances comprises –					
	Currer	nt and call accounts	285 010	335 540	283 557	328 161	
	JSE G	uarantee Fund Trust – call	7 369	7 619	-	-	
	JSE D	erivatives Fidelity Fund Trust — call	50 000	-	-	_	
			342 379	343 159	283 557	328 161	





			Group	ļ	Exchange		
		2003	2002	2003	2002		
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		
2. RESE	RVES						
12.1	JSE rights The total number of rights in issue $8\ 281^2/_4\ (2002-8\ 281^2/_4)$	169 619	169 619	169 619	169 619		
	In terms of the constitution of the JSE, holders of rights have no entitlement to any distribution of surpluses other than on winding up.						
12.2	JSE Guarantee Fund Trust	92 663	90 752	-	-		
	The fund is ring-fenced for the purpose of investor protection in the event of a member defaulting on equities trades in certain circumstances.						
12.3	JSE Derivatives Fidelity Fund Trust	50 000	57 457	-	-		
	The fund was established for the purpose of investor protection in the event of a member defaulting on derivatives trades in certain circumstances.						
12.4	Non-distributable reserve	10 058	_	10 058	-		
	Arising on change in STRATE shareholding						
12.5	Accumulated surplus	206 467	191 408	206 729	190 679		
	Total	528 807	509 236	386 406	360 298		





	Personnel related R'000	Other R'000	Total¹ R'000
PROVISIONS			
Group			
2003			
Balance at 1 January 2003	14 605	2 522	17 127
Raised during the year	16 423	1 575	17 998
Reclassification from Accounts Payable	3 700	-	3 700
Utilised during the year	(15 379)	(84)	(15 463)
Balance at 31 December 2003	19 349	4 013	23 362
2002			
Balance at 1 January 2002	14 587	1 874	16 461
Raised during the year	9 055	1 372	10 427
Utilised during the year	(9 037)	(724)	(9 761)
Balance at 31 December 2002	14 605	2 522	17 127
Exchange			
2003			
Balance at 1 January 2003	14 605	2 522	17 127
Raised during the year	16 423	1 575	17 998
Reclassification from Accounts Payable	3 700	-	3 700
Utilised during the year	(15 379)	(84)	(15 463)
Balance at 31 December 2003	19 349	4 013	23 362
2002			
Balance at 1 January 2002	14 587	1 834	16 421
Raised during the year	9 055	1 372	10 427
Utilised during the year	(9 037)	(684)	(9 721)
Balance at 31 December 2002	14 605	2 522	17 127

¹Personnel related provisions have been made in line with the JSE's Human Resources policy relating to deferred compensation, bonuses and leave pay. Other provisions relate to tribunal costs and additional rates and taxes that may be payable by the JSE. These provisions are considered to be non-current.

for the year ended 31 December 2003



14. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

14.1 Employee remuneration

With effect from 1 January 2003, all employees were moved to the cost to company package philosophy, allowing increased flexibility for benefit choice by the employee and reduced exposure to uncapped liabilities for the employer.

14.2 Retirement benefits

The JSE provides retirement benefits for all its permanent employees through the JSE Pension Scheme, the SAFEX Pension Scheme and the SAFEX Provident Fund, all of which are defined contribution retirement schemes. During 2003 the JSE Provident Fund was put into voluntary liquidation.

The members' interest in the JSE Pension Scheme is based on the market value of the fund and is adjusted monthly for changes in market value. Both the JSE Pension Scheme and the JSE Provident Fund are governed by the Pension Funds Act, 1956 as amended. JSE member firms may, at their option, also become employer members of this fully funded pension scheme. Contributions to fund obligations for the payment of retirement benefits to their permanent staff are paid by the member firms directly to the scheme. The SAFEX Pension Scheme and the SAFEX Provident Fund are based on market values of the funds and are adjusted monthly for changes in market value.

14.3 Post retirement medical benefits

In previous years, the JSE had made provision for post retirement benefits in the form of health care plans for current and retired employees. During December 2002, after a process of negotiation, this provision was replaced by purchasing individual annuities. This liability has consequently been extinguished.

14.4 Other

The investigation into the potential shortfall in the pension fund annuities which began during the previous financial year, continues and the pension fund is proceeding towards litigation.

Based on specialist legal advice, the JSE considers it unlikely that the outcome of the investigation will have any impact on its operations or the reserves of the Exchange.

		Group			Exchange		
		2003	2002	2003	2002		
		R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000		
15.	DUE TO SAFEX MEMBERS						
	The amount due to SAFEX members is a portion of the						
	purchase price retained pending the resolution of						
	potential claims against SAFEX at the time of the						
	purchase. During the course of the year certain of these						
	claims were resolved. The attributable portion of the						
	purchase price has consequently become due and						
	payable to the SAFEX members.						
	Non-current liability	18 654	18 654	18 654	18 654		
	Current liability	6 982	37 890	6 982	37 890		
		25 636	56 544	25 636	56 544		
16.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE						
	Trade payables	38 313	35 821	38 347	36 039		
	Current portion of finance lease	709	599	709	599		
	Income received in advance	1 907	2 295	1 907	2 295		
		40 929	38 715	40 963	38 933		



		Less than one year R'000	Between one and five years R'000	More than five years R'000	Total R'000
17.	FINANCE LEASE Group and Exchange 2003				
	Minimum lease instalments Finance costs	844 (135)	422 (20)	- -	1 266 (155)
	Lease liability	709	402	-	1 111
	2002 Group and Exchange Minimum lease instalments	844	1 267	_	2 111
	Finance costs	(245)	(156)	_	(401)
	Lease liability	599	1 111	-	1 710
			Group	Е	xchange
		2003 R'000	2002 R'000	2003 R'000	2002 R'000
18.	FORWARD EXCHANGE CONTRACTS Fair value				
	- assets	4	_	4	-
	- liabilities	(4 792)	(6 942)	(4 792)	(6 942)
	Net	(4 788)	(6 942)	(4 788)	(6 942)

Forward exchange contracts are entered into to economically hedge anticipated foreign currency commitments.

19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

19.1 Contingent liabilities

- 19.1.1 There is a contingent liability in terms of section 12(1)(k) of the Stock Exchanges Control Act whereby the JSE is committed to settle with another member on behalf of a member were the latter to fail to settle. This risk is mitigated by various guarantee mechanisms, being the member firms' deposits and bank guarantees, the JSE Guarantee Fund Trust and the JSE's reserves.
- 19.1.2 The JSE is party to an agreement whereby the JSE is committed to purchase fifty percent of the STRATE Limited "A" redeemable preference shares currently in issue should STRATE Limited default on the declaration or payment of preference share dividends, or default on redemption of the preference shares on maturity. In the event of default the JSE's maximum exposure is R25 million plus any related interest. The commitment expires on 7 June 2005.

19.2 Operating lease obligations

The JSE leases a building and accounts for the lease as an operating lease. The lease commenced on 1 September 2000 for a period of 15 years. On termination of the lease, should the landlord wish to sell the building, the JSE has an option to buy the building at a price yet to be determined. The operating lease payments escalate at 11% per annum.

		Group	E	Exchange
	2003 R'000	2002 R'000	2003 R'000	2002 R'000
Total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating lease: Not later than one year	20 265	18 257	20 265	18 257
Between one and five years Later than five years	105 943 286 237	95 444 317 001	105 943 286 237	95 444 317 001
	412 445	430 702	412 445	430 702

for the year ended 31 December 2003



20. RELATED PARTIES

20.1 Identity of related parties

The JSE is the main provider of risk management, clearing and settlement, and accounting systems to member firms. Revenue earned from this source, and from providing trading and market data to member firms, amounted to R197,6 million (2002–R218,9 million) for the year. These transactions are conducted on an arm's length basis.

The JSE earned revenue from STRATE Limited of R1,6 million (2002 - R1,4 million) predominantly in respect of rentals in terms of the lease agreement with STRATE Limited. This lease agreement was terminated on 30 November 2003.

The associated companies and subsidiaries of the Group are identified in notes 7 and 8 respectively.

The directors are listed in the Corporate Governance report.

20.2 Material related party transactions

Loans to and from related parties — see notes 7 and 8
Directors' emoluments — see note 23

The Exchange provides the following services for no consideration:

- Secretarial services to the Group entities.
- Administers the operations of the Group entities.

			Group		E	Exchange	
			2003	2002	2003	2002	
			R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	
21.	NOTE	S TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT					
	21.1	Cash generated by operations					
		Net surplus attributable to rights holders	19 571	47 970	26 108	57 652	
		Adjustments for non-cash and separately					
		disclosable items:					
		depreciation	27 229	20 792	27 229	20 792	
		 fair value adjustments 	(5 819)	2 926	-	-	
		- gain on change in benefit plan	_	(10 839)	-	(10 839)	
		- attributable (profit)/loss of associated company	(14 571)	7 964	(14 571)	7 964	
		- interest paid	363 284	304 154	4 983	11 906	
		- interest received	(409 145)	(350 277)	(36 933)	(45 111)	
		- loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	63	1 674	63	1 674	
		 – (profit)/loss on disposal of investments 	(1 688)	1 815	-	-	
		 write-down F.S.G Financial Services 	-	-	5 200	-	
		- unrealised foreign exchange loss	-	6 942	-	6 942	
		(Deficit)/surplus from operations before					
		working capital changes	(21 076)	33 121	12 079	50 980	
		Working capital changes –					
		(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable	(1 403)	5 426	(3 035)	5 790	
		(Decrease)/ increase in accounts payable					
		and provisions	(25 318)	4 344	(25 521)	2 942	
		Cash (utilised)/ generated from operating activities	(47 797)	42 891	(16 477)	59 712	

for the year ended 31 December 2003



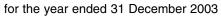
22. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The JSE provides exchange and auxiliary services in South Africa. The revenue streams derived from the services are described in note 2 to the annual financial statements. The services provided by the JSE are not subject to materially different risks and are regarded as a single business segment.

			Basic salary R'000	Bonus paid¹ R'000	Other R'000	Contri- bution to provident fund ² R'000	Total R'000
		VES' REMUNERATION					
23.1	Directors' emolum 2003	ents					
	Executive directors		5 023	2 576	984	-	8 583
	RM Loubser	Chief Executive Officer	1 922	1 000	435	-	3 357
	NF Newton-King	Deputy Chief Executive Officer	997	528	127	-	1 652
	LV Parsons	Chief Operating Officer	853	528	274	-	1 655
	JH Burke	Director: Listings	1 002	488	122	-	1 612
	G Rothschild	Director: Corporate	249	32	26	-	307
	(appointed	Marketing and					
	1 October 2003)	Communications					
	Other key executive	s	7 268	2 566	1 277	-	11 111
	GC Clarke	Exchange Secretary	747	266	104	-	1 117
	DJ Davidson	Director: Clearing and Settlement	981	313	145	_	1 439
	FM Evans	Chief Financial Officer	757	309	88	-	1 154
	R Gravelet-Blondin	General Manager: Agricultural	667	277	181	-	1 125
		Products					
	S Maree (resigned	Director: Corporate	673	108	156	-	937
	31 August 2003)	Marketing and Communications					
	RB Miller	Director: Information Technology	826	427	220	-	1 473
	A Thomson	Director: Equities and	1 002	375	120	-	1 497
	NA Tile als are a	Derivatives Trading	F00	07			704
	M Tihabane	General Manager: Human	566	87	81	-	734
	(appointed 1 February 2003)	Resources					
	WF Urmson	Director: Surveillance	1 049	404	182	_	1 635
			12 291	5 142	2 261	_	19 694

'According to JSE policy, the maximum bonus payable to directors and senior executives is equal to 400% of one month's package over a period of two years. A maximum amount of 330% of one month's package will be payable two years after the inception of the deferred compensation system and every December thereafter. A maximum amount of 70% of one month's package will be payable every June. Payment is dependent on the directors and senior executives being in office at the time of payment. The bonus of the Chief Executive Officer is determined by the Board and awarded on the achievement of certain prescribed deliverables.

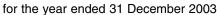
²Refer to Note 14.2





				Basic salary R'000	Bonus paid¹ R'000	Other R'000	Contri- bution to provident fund R'000	Total R'000
23.	DIREC	CTORS' AND EXECUTIV	VES' REMUNERATION (continue	ed)				
	23.1	Directors' emolume	ents (continued)					
		2002 Executive directors		4 205	2 937	525	377	8 044
		Executive unectors	ſ	4 203	2 331	J2J	377	0 044
		RM Loubser	Chief Executive Officer	1 764	1 263	247	154	3 428
		NF Newton-King	Deputy Chief Executive Officer	833	558	94	53	1 538
		LV Parsons	Chief Operating Officer	775	558	90	117	1 540
		JH Burke	Director: Listings	833	558	94	53	1 538
		Other key executives	3	7 718	2 817	803	627	11 965
		P Birley (contract terminated on 31 July 2002)	Consultant to the JSE	715	-	-	-	715
		GC Clarke	Exchange Secretary	654	257	75	40	1 026
		DJ Davidson	Director: Clearing and Settlement	825	359	105	52	1 341
		FM Evans	General Manager: Finance	646	321	76	40	1 083
		R Gravelet-Blondin	General Manager: Agricultural Products	608	134	66	84	892
		S Maree	Director: Corporate Marketing and Communications	879	317	110	55	1 361
		RB Miller	Director: Information Technology	804	462	116	64	1 446
		FR Molobi (resigned	General Manager: Emerging Markets and Education	782	38	49	131	1 000
		30 September 2002) A Thomson	Director: Equities and Derivatives Trading	895	452	87	53	1 487
		WF Urmson	Director: Surveillance	910	477	119	108	1 614
				11 923	5 754	1 328	1 004	20 009

'According to JSE policy, the maximum bonus payable to directors and executives is equal to 400% of one month's package over a period of two years. A maximum amount of 330% of one month's package will be payable two years after the inception of the deferred compensation system and every December thereafter. A maximum amount of 70% of one month's package will be payable every June. Payment is dependent on the directors and executives being in office at the time of payment. Included in the bonus is a once-off discretionary bonus, which was paid to employees that were deemed to have made a significant contribution to the successful implementation in 2002 of the new trading and related systems. The bonus of the Chief Executive Officer is determined by the Board and awarded on the achievement of certain prescribed deliverables





			Other services R'000	Retainer fee R'000	Meetings R'000	Total R'000
23. DIR	ECTORS' AND EXECUT	IVES' REMUNERATION (continued)				
23.	1 Directors' emolun	nents (continued)				
	2003					
	Non-executive dire	ctors	455	745	608	1 808
	PA Barnard		_	40	40	80
	HJ Borkum	Board Chairman, Chairman of Nominations				
		Committee	_	280	88	368
	AD Botha	Chairman of Human Resources Committee	_	60	88	148
	RFG Cadiz		_	40	24	64
	MR Johnston		185	40	56	281
	RJ Khoza		-	40	56	96
	S Koseff		-	40	24	64
	A Horowitz	(alternate to HJ Borkum)	-	-	-	-
	W Luhabe (appointe	d	-	-	-	-
	26 November 2003)					
	NS Nematswerani	Current Chairman of Audit Committee (alternate to RJ Khoza)	-	60	64	124
	D Nurek	(alternate to S Koseff)	_	-	_	_
	N Payne	Chairman of Risk Management Committee (alternate to AD Botha)	-	60	56	116
	S Rebe	(alternate to PA Barnard)	_	_	_	_
	G Rothschild	Previous Chairman of Audit Committee	270	45	64	379
	(appointed executive)				
	director 1 October					
	2003)					
	GT Serobe		-	40	48	88
	N Smith	(alternate to RFG Cadiz)	_	-	-	-

for the year ended 31 December 2003



				Other services R'000	Retainer fee R'000	Meetings R'000	Total R'000
23.	DIRE(23.1	CTORS' AND EXECUTI Directors' emolume	VES' REMUNERATION (continued) ents (continued)				
		Non-executive direc	tors	631	840	488	1 959
		PA Barnard HJ Borkum	Board Chairman, Chairman of	-	40	32	72
		AD Botha R Cadiz	Nominations Committee Chairman of Human Resources Committee	- - -	280° 60 40	88 72 32	368 132 72
		MR Johnston RJ Khoza S Koseff		361 - -	40 40 40	64 40 16	465 80 56
		N Payne (appointed alternate to AD Botha with effect 3 December)	Chairman of Risk Management Committee	-	-	8	8
		S Rebe (appointed alternate to P Barnard with effect 3 December)		-	-	8	8
		G Rothschild GT Serobe	Chairman of Audit Committee	270	260ª 40	80 48	610 88

^aAt the meeting of the Board held on 3 December 2002, it was decided to increase the remuneration to the Chairman of the Board to R200 000 per annum. This increase was applied retrospectively to the prior year.

24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

24.1 Operational risk

The Board accepts overall responsibility for operational risk with the responsibility of day-to-day management of operational risk delegated to management of the JSE's specialist departments.

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people and systems.

Operational risks are those risks of a non-speculative nature with no potential of showing a profit. The objective of operational risk processes is therefore to mitigate the downside impact of these risks as far as possible, thereby ensuring the optimal application and protection of physical assets, while ensuring the continuity of the Exchange's business.

Operational risk elements can be classified as follows:

- Process risk
- Employee risk
- Systems risk

Risk management controls are in place to lower the probability of operational risk occurring and the seriousness thereof.



24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

24.2 Currency risk

The JSE's activities are primarily conducted in South African Rand. The Group incurs currency risk as a result of purchases and borrowings in foreign currencies. The currencies in which the Group primarily deals are UK Pounds and US Dollars. Forward exchange contracts ("FECs") are used as a means of reducing exposure to fluctuations in foreign exchange rates on payables. Whilst these financial instruments are subject to the risk of market rates changing subsequent to acquisition, such changes would generally be offset by the opposite effects on the items being hedged. In order to hedge the asset, for foreign currency receivables, a Customer Foreign Currency account has been established which effectively hedges the receivables currency risk.

Group 2003

2003	Rand R'000	US Dollars R'000	GB Pounds R'000	Euro R'000	Total R'000
Assets	3 941 740	16 527	4		3 958 271
Property, plant and equipment	114 079	-	_	-	114 079
Investments	108 860	6 142	-	-	115 002
Member firms' deposits at banks	3 334 343	-	-	-	3 334 343
Accounts receivable	48 476	3 988	4	-	52 468
Cash and cash equivalents	335 982	6 397		-	342 379
Liabilities	3 427 498	-	1 957	9	3 429 464
Accounts payable and provisions	93 155	-	1 957	9	95 121
Member firms' funds	3 334 343	-	-	-	3 334 343
Net assets and liabilities	514 242	16 527	(1 953)	(9)	528 807
Hedged by forward exchange contracts		1 977	1 957	-	
Net exposure		14 550	4	(9)	
Group					
2002	Rand				
	US Dollars	GB Pounds	Euro	Total	Bioos
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'000
Assets	3 354 488	11 010	-		3 365 498
Property, plant and equipment	138 752	-	_	-	138 752
Investments	89 857	6 842	-	-	96 699
Member firms' deposits at banks	2 735 823	-	-	-	2 735 823
Accounts receivable	46 897	4 168	-	-	51 065
Cash and cash equivalents	343 159		_	-	343 159
Liabilities	2 853 259	412	2 572	19	2 856 262
Accounts payable and provisions	117 436	412	2 572	19	120 439
Member firms' funds	2 735 823	-	-	-	2 735 823
Net assets and liabilities	501 229	10 598	(2 572)	(19)	509 236
Hedged by forward exchange contracts			2 572		
Net exposure		10 598	-	(19)	

for the year ended 31 December 2003



24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

24.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk of the JSE being exposed to gains or losses on fluctuations on interest rates where assets or liabilities are linked to fixed interest rates. This risk is managed by the JSE ensuring that assets and liabilities are linked only to floating interest rates. The following table analyses the interest rate risk profile for assets and liabilities at year end:

	Non				
	Fixed	Floating	interest		
	rate	rate	sensitive	1	
	R'000	R'000	R'000	R'	
Group					
2003					
Assets	36 473	3 676 722	245 076	3 958	
Property, plant and equipment	_	_	114 079	114	
Investments	36 473	_	78 529	115	
Member firms' deposits at banks	_	3 334 343	-	3 334	
Accounts receivable	_	-	52 468	52	
Cash and cash equivalents	_	342 379	-	342	
Liabilities	-	3 334 343	95 121	3 429	
Accounts payable and provisions	_	-	95 121	95	
Member firms' funds	_	3 334 343	-	3 334	
Net interest rate risk mismatch	36 473	342 379	149 955	528	
Reserves				528	
Floating rate assets yield interest at call rates.					
Group					
2002					
Assets	36 465	3 078 982	250 051	3 365	
Property, plant and equipment	_	-	138 752	138	
Investments	36 465	-	60 234	96	
Member firms' deposits at banks	_	2 735 823	-	2 735	
Member IIIIIs deposits at banks			51 065	51	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_	_	01 000	01	
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents	_	343 159	-		
Accounts receivable	-	343 159 2 735 823	120 439	343	
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents	-		_	2 856	
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents Liabilities	- - -		120 439	2 856 120	
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents Liabilities Accounts payable and provisions	- - - - - 36 465	2 735 823	120 439	343 2 856 120 2 735	



24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

24.4 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the JSE will be unable to meet its short-term funding requirements. This risk is managed by the JSE by maintaining the members' funds and the JSE's own funds in current and call accounts. The following table analyses the terms of expected receipt of assets and repayment of liabilities existing at year end.

	Up to 3 months R'000	3 to 12 months R'000	1 to 5 years R'000	Non- liquid R'000	Tota R'00
2003					
Group					
Assets	3 804 296	3 648	-	150 327	3 958 27
Property, plant and equipment	_	-	-	114 079	114 07
Investments	78 754	-	-	36 248	115 00
Member firms' deposits at banks	3 334 343	-	-	-	3 334 34
Accounts receivable	48 820	3 648	-	-	52 46
Cash and cash equivalents	342 379	-	-	-	342 37
Liabilities	3 377 646	9 400	42 418	_	3 429 46
Accounts payable and provisions	43 303	9 400	42 418	-	95 12
Member firms' funds	3 334 343	-	-	-	3 334 34
Net maturity mismatch	426 650	(5 752)	(42 418)	150 327	528 80
Reserves					528 80
Group					
2002					
Assets	3 205 069	_	_	160 429	3 365 4
Property, plant and equipment	_	-	_	138 752	138 7
Investments	75 022	_	_	21 677	96 69
Member firms' deposits at banks	2 735 823	-	_	-	2 735 8
Accounts receivable	51 065	_	_	-	51 0
Cash and cash equivalents	343 159	_		-	343 1
Liabilities	2 815 169	4 201	36 892	-	2 856 20
Accounts payable and provisions	79 346	4 201	36 892	_	120 4
Member firms' funds	2 735 823			_	2 735 8
Net maturity mismatch	389 900	(4 201)	(36 892)	160 429	509 23

for the year ended 31 December 2003



24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

24.5 Credit risk

Credit risk on the JSE's own funds is minimised through ensuring funds are only placed with A1 and A1+ rated banking institutions. Exposure to credit risk on accounts receivable balances is monitored as part of the JSE finance department's daily procedures. At balance sheet date there were no significant concentrations of credit risk. The maximum exposure to credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the balance sheet.

The JSE is exposed to credit losses in the event of default by a clearing member. The Exchange anticipates, however, that clearing members will be able to fully satisfy their obligations. The Group has collateral in the form of initial margins and guarantees to mitigate this credit risk and monitors the credit standing of clearing members. The Exchange has ultimate recourse to the JSE Derivatives Fidelity Fund Trust and the general reserves of the JSE in the event of a clearing member default.

Appendix to the financial statements

for the year ended 31 December 2003



FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT

JSE Trustees (Proprietary) Limited

JSE Trustees (Proprietary) Limited ("JSE Trustees") acts as an agent for all funds placed by members of the JSE on behalf of their clients and other counterparties. JSE Trustees invests and administers the funds on behalf of the members and charges an administration fee for this service. The annual financial statements have been prepared based on the balance sheet items held by the JSE Trustees (Pty) Limited.

The year-end of JSE Trustees changed to 31 December (previously 28 February) in the prior reporting period.

	Year ended	10 months
	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	R'000	R'000
Abridged income statement for the year ended		
31 December 2003		
Administration fee	11 407	9 663
Operating expenses	(11 407)	(9 663)
Net surplus	-	-
Abridged balance sheet at 31 December 2003		
Assets		
Current assets		
Accounts receivable	1 142	942
Total assets	1 142	942
Equity		
Shareholder's funds		
Share capital	1	1
Current liabilities	1 141	941
Accounts payable	30	62
JSE Securities Exchange South Africa	1 111	879
Total equity and liabilities	1 142	942
Funds under management	4 965 526	3 888 532

Appendix to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 December 2003



FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT (continued)

Indexco Limited ("Indexco")

Indexco is a public limited liability company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa. The entire issued share capital of Indexco is held by or on behalf of the JSE.

In terms of the memorandum and articles of association of Indexco, the main business of the company is to issue financial instruments, Satrix 40 securities, which replicate the price and yield performance of the FTSE/JSE Top40 Index. The liability of R3,1 billion (2002 – R3,5 billion) relates to investments of holders of Satrix 40 securities. The corresponding asset is a claim against the Satrix 40 Trust holding the underlying shares constituting the FTSE/JSE Top40 Index.

	Year ended 31 December 2003 R'000	Year ended 31 December 2002 R'000
Abridged income statement for the year ended 31 December 2003		
Interest Fees	_	15 (15)
Net surplus	-	_
Abridged balance sheet at 31 December 2003		
Assets Non-current assets		
Investment in Satrix 40 Trust Current assets	3 077 641	3 482 918
Cash at bank	241	241
Total assets	3 077 882	3 483 159
Equity Share capital	-	_
Liabilities Investors for Satrix 40 securities Accounts payable	3 077 641 241	3 482 918 241
Total equity and liabilities	3 077 882	3 483 159

Appendix to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 December 2003



FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT (continued)

Indexco II Limited ("Indexco II")

Indexco II is a public limited liability company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa. The entire issued share capital of Indexco II is held by or on behalf of the JSE.

In terms of the memorandum and articles of association of Indexco II, the main business of the company is to issue financial instruments, Satrix FINI securities, which replicate the price and yield performance of the FTSE/JSE Financial 15 Index (FTSE/JSE FINI15 Index). The liability of R0,8 million (2002 – R0,7 million) relates to investments of holders of Satrix FINI securities. The corresponding asset is a claim against the Satrix Fini Trust holding the underlying shares constituting the FTSE/JSE FINI15 Index.

	Year ended 31 December 2003 R'000	Year ended 31 December 2002 R'000
Abridged balance sheet at 31 December 2003		
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Investment in Satrix FINI Trust	823 447	668 004
Total assets	823 447	668 004
Equity		
Share capital	_	-
Liabilities		
Investors for Satrix FINI securities	823 447	668 004
Total equity and liabilities	823 447	668 004

Appendix to the financial statements (continued)

for the year ended 31 December 2003



FUNDS UNDER MANAGEMENT (continued)

Indexco III Limited ("Indexco III")

Indexco III is a public limited liability company duly registered and incorporated in accordance with the laws of the Republic of South Africa. The entire issued share capital of Indexco III is held by or on behalf of the JSE.

In terms of the memorandum and articles of association of Indexco III, the main business of the company is to issue financial instruments, Satrix INDI securities, which replicate the price and yield performance of the FTSE/JSE Industrial 25 Index (FTSE/JSE INDI25 Index). The liability of R0,7 million (2002 – R0,6 million) relates to investments of holders of Satrix INDI securities. The corresponding asset is a claim against the Satrix INDI Trust holding the underlying shares constituting the FTSE/JSE INDI25 Index.

	Year ended	Year ended
	31 December	31 December
	2003	2002
	R'000	R'000
Abridged balance sheet at 31 December 2003		
Assets		
Non-current assets		
Investment in Satrix INDI Trust	726 210	580 522
Total assets	726 210	580 522
Equity		
Share capital	-	-
Liabilities		
Investors for Satrix INDI securities	726 210	580 522
Total equity and liabilities	726 210	580 522

Broking Members Equities

as at 1 January 2004



*ABSA Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 647 0875 Facsimile: 011 647 0877

African Harvest Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 263 9500 Facsimile: 011 784 2550 Website: www.africanharvest.co.za

Afrifocus Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 290 7800 Facsimile: 011 290 7878 Website: www.afrifocus.co.za

*Andisa Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 374 1300 Facsimile: 011 374 1301 Website: www.andisa.co.za

Anglorand Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 484 7440 Facsimile: 011 484 6647 Website: www.anglorand.co.za

Barnard Jacobs Mellet Private Client Services (Ptv) Ltd

Telephone: 011 778 0000 Facsimile: 011 778 0010

Barnard Jacobs Mellet Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 283 0300 Facsimile: 011 283 0303 www.bjm.co.za

BoE Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 480 1000 Facsimile: 011 480 3740 Website: www.boepersonal.com

*BP Bernstein

Telephone: 011 833 1560 Facsimile: 011 836 0392

Brockhouse Cooper SA (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 884 6578 Facsimile: 011 884 1862 Website: www.brockhousecooper.co.za

Cadiz Stock Broking (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 483 0855 Facsimile: 011 483 0867 Website: www.cadiz.co.za

*Cazenove South Africa (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 280 7900 Facsimile: 011 325 8040 Website: www.cazenove.com

*Also Custody and Settlement members #Only Custody and Settlement members Citigroup Global Markets (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 944 1000 Facsimile: 011 944 0866 Website: www.citigroup.com

CKS Equities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 691 8800 Facsimile: 011 467 4581

Consilium Capital SA (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 340 1300 Facsimile: 011 325 0612

#CST Outsourcing Ltd

Telephone: 011 370 7865 Facsimile: 011838 6496

Decillion Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 529 1400 Facsimile: 021 529 1401 Website: www.decillion.net

*Deutsche Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 775 7000 Facsimile: 011 775 7673 Website: www.db.co.za

DWM Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 484 2000 Facsimile: 012 484 2001 Website: www.dwm.co.za

FFO Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 471 0500 Facsimile: 011 475 0104

#Finsettle Services

Telephone: 011 215 5000 Facsimile: 011 325 0302 Website: www.finsettle.co.za

First South Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 343 2200 Facsimile: 011 343 2233 Website: www.firstsouth.co.za

Four M Traders (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 485 4723 Facsimile: 011 640 7759

*Golding Torr & De Decker (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 442 3200 Facsimile: 011 442 9192 *HSBC Securities (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 481 4200 Facsimile: 011 646 8388 Website: www.hsbc.com

IDE Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 476 9297 Facsimile: 011 476 9792 Website: www.ide.co.za

*Imara SP Reid (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 446 6200 Facsimile: 011 446 6195 Website: www.imaraspreid.co.za

*Independent Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 489 5400 Facsimile: 011 489 5499

*Investec Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 286 4500 Facsimile: 011 286 9595 Website: www.investec.com

*JP Morgan Equities

Telephone: 011 507 0300 Facsimile: 011 507 0351

Kagiso Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 691 8800 Facsimile: 011 467 4581/465 2921

Legae Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 715 3700 Facsimile: 011 715 3701 www.legae.co.za

*Merrill Lynch South Africa (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 305 5555 Facsimile: 011 305 5600

Nedcor Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 302 1111 Facsimile: 011 302 1126

*NIB Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 294 3478 Facsimile: 011 295 8438

Noah Financial Innovation (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 446 7000 Facsimile: 011 446 9701 Website: www.mettle.net

Broking Members Equities (continued)

as at 1 January 2004



Peregrine Equities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 722 7500 Facsimile: 011 722 7541

Philippus de Witt (Pty) Ltd

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Prescient Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 700 3600 Facsimile: 021 700 3700

*PSG Online Securities Ltd

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RMB Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 269 9020 Facsimile: 011 269 9598 Website: www.rmb.co.za

*RMB Stockbroking (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 269 9260 Facsimile: 011 269 9595

SA Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

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Sanlam Private Investments (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 778 6600 Facsimile: 011 778 6699 Website: www.gensec.com

Sanlam Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 778 6000 Facsimile: 011 778 6946 Website: www.gensec.com

*Sasfin Frankel Pollak Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 809 7500 Facsimile: 011 809 7710 Website: www.sfpsecurities.com

Syfrets Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 535 4024 Facsimile: 011 625 7081

TFS Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 465 3686 Facsimile: 011 467 4174

Thebe Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 375 1000 Facsimile: 011 375 1100 Website: www.thebesec.co.za **Tlotlisa Securities (Pty) Ltd**

Telephone: 011 370 1900 Facsimile: 011 834 8485 Website: www.tradek.com

*UBS Securities (South Africa)(Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 322 7000 Facsimile: 011 322 7381 Website: www.ubs.com

Vector Equities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 419 3992 Facsimile: 021 419 5231

Watermark Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 325 4228 Facsimile: 011 325 5681 Website: www.watermarksec.com

WJ Morgan & Associates (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 482 6600 Facsimile: 012 482 6657

^{*}Also Custody & Settlement members.

Agricultural Products Members

as at 1 January 2004



ABSA Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 350 7828 Facsimile: 011 350 7816 Website: www.absa.co.za

Afgri Operations Ltd

Telephone: 012 663 1312 Facsimile: 012 663 9250 Website: www.afgri.co.za

Applied Derivatives (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 671 8200 Facsimile: 021 671 2991

B & P Group Financial Services (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 031 572 8300 Facsimile: 031 572 8324

Bester Feed & Grain Exchange (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 887 7188 Facsimile: 021 887 7166 Website: www.bester.co.za

Bolus & Bolus Investments (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 884 4482 Facsimile: 011 884 1862

Brent Trading (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 056 811 2966 Facsimile: 056 811 2082 Website: www.brent.za.net

Brisen Commodities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 663 8383 Facsimile: 012 663 8387

Bushveld Grain (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 348 3091 Facsimile: 012 365 3634

Cadiz Special Projects Ltd

Telephone: 021 657 8300 Facsimile: 021 657 8303 Website: www.cadiz.co.za

Cargill RSA (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 799 2000 Facsimile: 011 465 5775

Commodity House (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 888 8100 Facsimile: 021 886 7700 Website: www.tradinghouse.co.za

Coronation Capital Ltd

Telephone: 011 775 6400 Facsimile: 011 775 6420 Website: www.coronation.co.za Croplink (SA) (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 237 6100 Facsimile: 011 314 7489

Decillion Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 217 9000 Facsimile: 011 883 0156

Derived Market Investment & Planning (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 543 9705 Facsimile: 012 543 9705

DHJ Grain Brokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 057 352 2805 Facsimile: 057 352 7874

DWT Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 914 6460 Facsimile: 021 914 6458 Website: www.dwt.co.za

FAP Futures (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 678 1266 Facsimile: 011 678 1069

Farmwise Grains (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 787 3666 Facsimile: 011 787 3710

Farmwise Ltd

Telephone: 011 787 3666 Facsimile: 011 787 3710 Website: www.farmwise.co.za

FCB Harlow Butler (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 276 9000 Facsimile: 011 276 9021

FFO Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 471 0500 Facsimile: 011 475 0104

First World Trader (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 214 8000 Facsimile: 011 214 8028 Website: www.gt247.com

FR Waring International (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 325 7010 Facsimile: 012 325 7192

Futureline (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 887 6165/6 Facsimile: 021 887 6166 Gensec Trading (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 778 6000 Facsimile: 011 778 6910

Global Grain Marketing (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 057 899 1200 Facsimile: 057 899 1049

Grain Line CC

Telephone: 083 610 0682 Facsimile: 016 351 1797

Grainman International (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 346 8838 Facsimile: 012 346 0291 Website: www.grainman.co.za

Grainvest Futures (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 367 0300 Facsimile: 012 367 0315

HG Graan Bemarking (Edms) Bpk

Telephone: 013 665 3127 Facsimile: 013 665 5560

Imex Agricultural Services Ltd

Telephone: 011 380 0111 Facsimile: 011 884 5483 Website: www.tigerbrands.com

Incentive Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 380 3000 Facsimile: 011 380 3098

Investec Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 286 7000 Facsimile: 011 286 7946

Jack Radford & Associates (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 056 515 1144 Facsimile: 056 515 1145

JP Morgan Equities Ltd

Telephone: 011 507 0300 Facsimile: 011 507 0489

Kempro Brokers CC

Telephone: 018 441 0094 Facsimile: 018 441 0094

Kernal Maize CC

Telephone: 056 515 1188 Facsimile: 056 515 1187

Agricultural Products Members (continued)

as at 1 January 2004



Kimtrek (Douglas) (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 053 298 8200 Facsimile: 053 298 2231

Leeubank Landgoed Trust

Telephone: 05881 32 362 Facsimile: 05881 33 914

Lesotho Milling Co. (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 05193 34487/8 Facsimile: 05193 35038

Market Traders (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 033 343 5792 Facsimile: 033 343 1237

MGK Bedryfsmaatskappy (Edms) Bpk

Telephone: 012 381 2839 Facsimilie: 012 381 2861

National Commodities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 031 269 1573 Facsimile: 031 269 1639

Nedbank Ltd

Telephone: 011 294 3692 Facsimile: 011 295 3692 Website: www.nedcor.co.za

Nedcor Investment Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 535 4024 Facsimile: 011 625 7081

Nedcor Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 302 1111 Facsimile: 011 302 1116 Website: www.boe.co.za

NIB Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 480 1543 Facsimile: 011 834 3601

NWK Ltd

Telephone: 018 633 1000 Facsimile: 018 633 1900 Website: www.nwk.co.za

PCS Futures (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 257 4700 Facsimile: 011 803 3801 Website: www.pcsfutures.com Peregrine Derivatives (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 722 7500 Facsimile: 011 722 7422 Website:www.peregrine.co.za

Premier Foods Ltd

Telephone: 012 804 1711 Facsimilie: 012 804 6154

Propermark Bpk

Telephone: 051 404 1750 Facsimile: 051 404 1705 Website: www.proper.co.za

PSG Capital Quantitative (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 657 2803 Facsimile: 021 657 2817

Rand Merchant Bank

a Division of FirstRand Bank Ltd Telephone: 011 269 9005 Facsimile: 011 269 8518 Website: www.rmb.co.za

RMB Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 282 8520 Facsimile: 011 282 8518

Robinson Mulder de Waal Financial Services

(Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 665 5010 Facsimile: 012 665 5025/7 Website: www.rmd.co.za

S.A. Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 214 7250 Facsimile: 011 214 7298

Senwes Ltd

Telephone: 018 464 7800 Facsimile: 018 464 2558 Website: www.senwes.co.za/grain/

Standard Corporate & Merchant Bank

a Division of the Standard Bank of South Africa Telephone: 011 636 4129

Facsimile: 011 636 6481

Suidwes Landbou (Edms) Bpk

Telephone: 018 581 2033 Facsimile: 018 581 2780 Website: www.suidwes.co.za

Syfrets Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 535 4024 Facsimile: 011 625 7081

Thebe Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 375 1000 Facsimile: 011 375 1100/1200 Website: www.plj.co.za

Tradekor (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 787 7117 Facsimile: 011 787 5116

Tradepost 158 (Pty) Ltd t/a Agrimax

Telephone: 021 555 1966 Facsimile: 021 555 1967

TTSA Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 834 7368 Facsimile: 011 833 3539

Unigrain (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 692 4400 Facsimile: 011 692 4452

UT Grain Management (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 011 452 5117/8

Facsimile: 011 452 5116

Verus Farming & Commodities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 031 467 0308 Facsimile: 031 467 1989 Website:www.verus.co.za

Vorion (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 467 6416/7/8 Facsimile: 011 467 6415

Vrystaat Kooperasie Bpk

Telephone: 058) 863 8277 Facsimile: 058 863 3317 Website: www.vkb.co.za

Vrystaat Mielies (Edms) Bpk

Telephone: 057 388 4155 Facsimile: 057 388 4154

W.J. Morgan & Associates (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 482 6600 Facsimile: 012 482 6658 Website: www.wjmorgan.co.za

Financial Derivatives Members

as at 1 January 2004



AAM Bk

Telephone: 016 454 8277 Facsimile: 016 423 4445

ABSA Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 350 7828 Facsimile: 011 350 7816 Website: www.absa.co.za

ABSA Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 647 0817 Facsimile: 011 647 0818

Africa Advent Financial Services (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 794 8912 Facsimile: 021 794 0041

African Harvest Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 263 9500 Facsimile: 011 784 2550 Website:www.africanharvest.co.za

African Merchant Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 215 2000 Facsimile: 011 784 8994

Afrifocus Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 290 7800 Facsimile: 011 290 7878 Website: www.afrifocus.co.za

Andisa Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 636 7327 Facsimile: 011 636 1792

Applied Derivatives (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 671 8200 Facsimile: 021 671 2991

Aspen Risk Managers Ltd

Telephone: 021 794 8020 Facsimile: 021 794 2161

Barnard Jacobs Mellet Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 283 0300 Facsimile: 011 283 0303 Website: www.bjm.co.za

Bex Structured Products (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 684 1433 Facsimile: 011 684 1420

Biz Afrika 124 (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 315 6595 Facsimile: 011 315 6594

BoE Investments Ltd

Telephone: 021 416 6000 Facsimile: 021 416 9940 Website: www.ftnibi.co.za

BOE Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 302 1000 Facsimile: 011 784 4423 Website: www.boepersonal.com

Bolus & Bolus Investments (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 884 4482 Facsimile: 011 884 1862

Cadiz Financial Strategists (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 657 8300 Facsimile: 011 657 8303 Website: www.cadiz.co.za

Cadiz Special Projects Ltd

Telephone: 021 657 8300 Facsimile: 021 657 8303 Website: www.cadiz.co.za

Chris Slabbert & Co. (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 214 7252 Facsimile: 011 325 4176

Coronation Asset Management (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 680 2000 Facsimile: 021 680 2100

Coronation Capital Ltd

Telephone: 011 775 6400 Facsimile: 011 775 6420 Website: www.coronation.co.za

Credit Agricole Indosuez Co.

Telephone: 011 448 3300 Facsimile: 011 240 0447 Website: www.indosuez.com

Decillion Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 217 9000 Facsimile: 011 883 0156

Deutsche Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 775 7000 Facsimile: 011 775 7607 Website: www.db.co.za

DWT Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 914 6460 Facsimile: 021 914 6458 Website: www.dwt.co.za

Electra Investments S.A. Ltd

Telephone: 021 950 2500 Facsimile: 021 950 2555

Escher Structured Products (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 683 0780 Facsimile: 021 683 0574

Eskom

Telephone: 011 800 4050 Facsimile: 011 800 4499

Eskom Pension & Provident Fund

Telephone: 011 709 7522 Facsimile: 011 709 7510

FCB Harlow Butler (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 276 9000 Facsimile: 011 276 9021

FFO Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 471 0500 Facsimile: 011 475 0104

First Financial Futures (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 728 5645 Facsimile: 011 728 3559

First South Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 343 2200 Facsimile: 011 343 2233

First World Trader (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 214 8000 Facsimile: 011 214 8028 Website: www.qt247.com

Foord Asset Management Foord Asset

Management (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 021 531 6988

Facsimile: 021 531 1935

Futureline (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 021 887 6165/6

Facsimile: 021 887 6166

Gensec Bank Ltd Telephone: 011 778 6000 Facsimile: 011 778 6924

Website: www.gensec.com

Gensec Trading (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 011 778 6000 Facsimile: 011 778 6910

Golding, Torr & de Decker (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 442 3200 Facsimile: 011 442 9192

Financial Derivatives Members (continued)

as at 1 January 2004



Greenwich S.A. (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 706 9758 Facsimile: 011 706 9758

HSBC Securities (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 481 4200 Facsimile: 011 486 4608 Website: www.hsbc.com

Imara SP Reid (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 446 6200 Facsimile: 011 446 6195

Incentive Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 380 3000 Facsimile: 011 380 3098

Investec Asset Management (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 416 1000 Facsimile: 021 416 2001

Website: http:///www.investecfunds.co.za

Investec Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 286 7000 Facsimile: 011 286 7946 Website:www.investec.com

Investec Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 286 9700 Facsimile: 011 286 9988

JP Morgan Equities Ltd

Telephone: 011 507 0300 Facsimile: 011 507 0489

JP Morgan Securities S.A. (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 507 0300 Facsimile: 011 507 0494

Lancaster Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 880 3137 Facsimile: 011 880 4258

Lwazi Capital (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 482 9821 Facsimile: 011 482 5494

Market Traders (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 033 343 5792 Facsimile: 033 343 1237

Merrill Lynch South Africa (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 305 5555 Facsimile: 011 305 5620

Metropolitan Asset Managers Ltd

Telephone: 021 940 6001 Facsimile: 021 940 6969

Nedbank Ltd

Telephone: 011 294 3692 Facsimile: 011 295 3692 Website: www.nedcor.co.za

Nedcor Investment Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 535 4024 Facsimile: 011 625 7081

Nedcor Securities (Ptv) Ltd

Telephone: 011 302 1111 Facsimile: 011 302 1223 Website: www.boe.co.za

NIB Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 480 1543 Facsimile: 011 834 3601

Noah Financial Innovation (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 446 9700 Facsimile: 011 446 9701 Website: www.noahfi.com

Norton Derivatives (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 031 366 1306 Facsimile: 031 366 1305

Old Mutual Life Assurance Company (SA) Ltd

Telephone: 021 509 2357 Facsimile: 021 509 3517 Website: www.omam.com

PCS Futures (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 257 4700 Facsimile: 011 803 3801

Peregrine Derivatives (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 722 7500 Facsimile: 011 722 7541

PeregrineQuant (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 670 4900 Facsimile: 021 670 4977 Website: www.pg.co.za

Prebon Yamane (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 011 643 3131

Facsimile: 011 643 1162

Prescient Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 700 3710 Facsimile: 021 700 3750 Website: www.prescient.co.za **PSG Capital Quantitative (Pty) Ltd**

Telephone: 021 657 2803 Facsimile: 021 657 2817

Rand Merchant Bank

a Division of FirstRand Bank Ltd Telephone: 011 282 8000 Facsimile: 011 269 8518 Website: www.rmb.co.za

Real Africa Asset Management (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 463 0300 Facsimile: 011 463 0299

RMB Asset Management (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 505 1449 Facsimile: 011 505 1400

RMB Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 282 8520 Facsimile: 011 282 8518

RMB Stockbroking (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 269 9260 Facsimile: 011 269 9595

Robinson Mulder de Waal Financial Services

(Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 665 5010 Facsimile: 012 665 5025/7 Website: www.rmd.co.za **Rodina Investments Ltd**

Telephone: 021 509 2357

Facsimile: 021 509 3517

S.A. Reserve Bank

Telephone: 012 313 4952 Facsimile: 012 313 3841

S.A. Stockbrokers (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 214 7250 Facsimile: 011 214 7298

Sanlam Investment Management (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 950 2500 Facsimile: 021 950 2555 Website:www.sim.sanlam.com

Signal Futures (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 465 0231 Facsimile: 021 465 0232 Website: wwwsignalfutures.co.za

Societe Generale

Telephone: 011 488 8400 Facsimile: 011 488 8899

Financial Derivatives Members (continued)

as at 1 January 2004



Standard Corporate & Merchant Bank a Division of the Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd Telephone: 011 636 4129

Facsimile: 011 636 6481

Stanlib Asset Management Ltd

Telephone: 011 448 5000 Facsimile: 011 448 5555

Strategy Securities (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 011 507 2900

Facsimile: 011 507 2910

Website: www.stratsec.com

Syfrets Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 535 4024 Facsimile: 011 625 7081

TFS Futures & Options S.A. (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 465 3686 Facsimile: 011 467 4174

The Link Asset & Securities Co. (Pty) Ltd Telephone: +0944 207 491 9882 Facsimile: +0944 207 663 4304

Thebe Securities Ltd

Telephone: 011 375 1000 Facsimile: 011 375 1100/1200

Website: www.plj.co.za

Thirty Four South Research & Trading (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 683 2293 Facsimile: 021 671 1233

Transnet

Telephone: 011 308 2571 Facsimile: 011 308 2591 Website: www.etreasury.co.za

TTSA Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 834 7368 Facsimile: 011 833 3539

UBS Securities South Africa (Pty) Ltd Telephone: 011 322 7000

Facsimile: 011 322 7381 Website: www.ubswarburg.com

Vector Securities & Derivatives (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 021 419 3992 Facsimile: 021 25 4822

Vorion (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 467 6416/7/8 Facsimile: 011 467 6415

Watermark Securities (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 011 325 4228 Facsimile: 011 325 5681

W.J. Morgan & Associates (Pty) Ltd

Telephone: 012 482 6600 Facsimile: 012 482 6658

Agricultural Products Clearing Members

as at 1 January 2004



ABSA Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 350 7828 Facsimile: 011 350 7816 Website: www.absa.co.za

Investec Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 286 7000 Facsimile: 011 286 7946 Nedbank Ltd

Telephone: 011 294 3692 Facsimile: 011 295 3692 Website: www.nedcor.co.za

Rand Merchant Bank,

a Division of FirstRand Bank Ltd Telephone: 011 269 9005 Facsimile: 011 269 8518 Website: www.rmb.co.za Standard Corporate & Merchant Bank

a Division of the Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd Telephone: 011 636 4129 Facsimile: 011 636 6481

Financial Derivatives Clearing Members

as at 1 January 2004

ABSA Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 350 7828 Facsimile: 011 350 7816 Website: www.absa.co.za

Electra Investments S.A. Ltd

Telephone: 021 950 2500 Facsimile: 021 950 2555

Gensec Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 778 6000 Facsimile: 011 778 6924 Website: www.gensec.com Investec Bank Ltd

Telephone: 011 286 7000 Facsimile: 011 286 7946 Website:www.investec.com

Nedbank Ltd

Telephone: 011 294 3692 Facsimile: 011 295 3692 Website: www.nedcor.co.za

Rand Merchant Bank,

a Division of FirstRand Bank Ltd Telephone: 011 282 8000 Facsimile: 011 269 8518 Website: www.rmb.co.za Rodina Investments Ltd

Telephone: 021 509 2357 Facsimile: 021 509 3517

Standard Corporate & Merchant Bank

a Division of the Standard Bank of South Africa Ltd Telephone: 011 636 4129 Facsimile: 011 636 6481

Notice of Annual General Meeting of Rights Holders



Notice is hereby given that the fourth annual general meeting of rights holders of the JSE will be held in the auditorium, One Exchange Square, Gwen Lane, Sandown on Tuesday, 20 April 2004 at 17h30 for the purpose of:

- 1. adopting the following resolutions -
 - 1.1 that the Financial Statements and the directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2003 together with the auditors' report be adopted; and
 - 1.2 that KPMG be re-appointed as the JSE's auditors for the ensuing year and that the auditors' remuneration be left to the discretion of the Board:
- re-electing Ms W Luhabe and Messrs HJ Borkum, MR Johnston and S Koseff who retire as directors in terms of the constitution of the JSE, but being eligible, have made themselves available for re-election. Abridged biographies of these directors are set out on page 81 of the enclosed Annual Report;
- 3. approving the amendment to article 9.3 of the Constitution of the JSE to bring this article in line with the Companies Act 89 of 1998 providing for 21 days' notice of annual general meeting rather than 28 days. The proposed amendment is set out below. Deletions are reflected [] and additions: bold and underlined.
 - "An annual general meeting shall be called by not less than 21 (twenty one) [28 (twenty eight)] days' notice in writing. Such notice shall specify the place, date and hour of the annual general meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting. The inadvertent failure to give notice to any rights holder shall not invalidate any meeting or any resolution passed thereat."; and
- 4. discussing any matter relating to the finances of the JSE.

Rights holders of the JSE represented in person or by proxy shall be entitled to vote and speak at the meeting and you are encouraged to attend. If you are unable to attend please exercise your right to vote by completing the instrument of proxy set out on the next page.

On a show of hands, every rights holder shall have one vote only irrespective of the number of JSE rights held by such rights holder. On a poll, every rights holder shall have one vote in respect of each JSE right held by such rights holder. On a poll, a rights holder entitled to more than one vote, need not cast any or all his votes, nor if such person casts a vote, cast every vote in the same way.

The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of such power of attorney shall be lodged with the Chief Executive Officer not less than 24 hours before the meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

GC CLARKE Secretary

23 March 2004

Biographies of directors standing for re-election as directors of the JSE Securities Exchange South Africa

WENDY LUHABE

Wendy Luhabe is an accomplished social entrepreneur with business interests in Alliance Capital, a Pension Fund and Asset Management company, in the Private Equity Fund for women owned enterprises and Ogilvy and Mather, an advertising and communications company.

She is non-executive Chairman of Vodacom, Industrial Development Corporation, Alliance Capital Management, Vendome SA and Women Private Equity Fund 1.

Wendy has received various recognition awards for her pioneering and leadership roles. She chairs the International Marketing Council to cultivate an infectious sense of pride in who South Africans are as a nation and what we are capable of i.e. to showcase our remarkable attributes.

HUMPHREY BORKUM

Humphrey Borkum is a Member of the South African Institute of Stockbrokers.

He was Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of Smith, Borkum and Hare from 1990 to 1997.

He is currently Chairman of Merrill Lynch South Africa (Pty) Limited.

Mr Borkum held a number of Board Directorships from which he resigned upon his appointment as Chairman of the JSE board in 2003.

MALCOLM ROBERT (BOBBY) JOHNSTON

Bobby Johnston holds a BCom from the University of the Witwatersrand and is a Chartered Accountant (SA). He is an Honorary Life Member of the South African Institute of Stockbrokers.

He is a past Chairman of the JSE. He retired from active stockbroking at end of 1997 but has remained actively involved in the industry.

He serves as a non-executive director and sits on Audit and Risk Committees of several listed and unlisted companies and a trustee of various trusts. He serves on the Financial Markets Advisory Board as well as the Licensing Committee set up in terms of the FAIS Act.

STEPHEN KOSEFF

Stephen Koseff holds a BCom, CTA, H Dip BDP and MBA from the University of the Witwatersrand and is a Chartered Accountant (SA).

He has been the Chief Executive Officer of Investec Bank Limited since 1996.

Mr Koseff is a Director on numerous boards.

He is also Chairman of the Independent Banks Association.





Form of Proxy



TOT 1	the third annual general meeting of rights holders of the JSE to be he	aid on Tuesday, 20 April 2004 a	at 17030.	
I/We	9			
(NAI	ME IN BLOCK LETTERS)			
of				
(ADI	DRESS)			
bein	ng the holder/s of		JSE rights, hereby a	ppoint (see note 1):
1.				
of				or failing him
2.	the Chairman of the JSE, or failing him the chairman of the annual my/our behalf and to vote or abstain from voting on my/our behalf Square, Gwen Lane, Sandown on Tuesday, 20 April 2004 at 17h30. e desire to vote as follows:	at the annual general meeting		
		For	Against	Abstain
1.	Ordinary resolution 1.1			
2.	Ordinary resolution 1.2			
3.	To re-elect Ms W Luhabe as a director			
4.	To re-elect Mr H Borkum as a director			
5.	To re-elect Mr MR Johnston as a director			
6.	To re-elect Mr S Koseff as a director			
7.	To amend article 9.2 of the JSE Constitution as set out in 3 of the Notice of Annual General Meeting			
Signed at		n	-	2004
Sigr	nature			



- 1. A rights holder is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend, speak and vote or abstain from voting in the place of that rights holder at the annual general meeting. A rights holder may, therefore, insert the name of a proxy of the rights holder's choice in the space provided, with or without deleting "the Chairman of JSE, or failing him the chairman of the annual general meeting". The person whose name stands on the proxy form and who is present at the annual general meeting, will be entitled to act as proxy to the exclusion of the chairman of the JSE or the Chairman of the meeting.
- 2. A member's instructions to the proxy must be indicated by the insertion of an "X" in the appropriate box. Failure to comply with the above will be deemed to authorise the Chairman of the JSE or failing him the chairman of the annual general meeting, if he is the authorised proxy, to vote in favour of the resolutions at the annual general meeting, or any other proxy to vote or abstain from voting at the annual general meeting as he deems fit, in respect of the rights holder's total holding.
- 3. The completion and lodging of this form of proxy will not preclude the relevant rights holder from attending the annual general meeting and speaking and voting in person thereat to the exclusion of any proxy appointed in terms hereof, should such rights holder wish to do so.
- 4. The chairman of the annual general meeting may reject or accept any form of proxy which is completed and/or received otherwise than in accordance with these notes.
- Documentary evidence establishing the authority of a person signing this form of proxy in a representative capacity must be attached to this form of proxy.
- 6. Any alteration or correction made to this form of proxy must be initialled by the signatory.
- This form of proxy must be lodged with the Chief Executive Officer of the JSE at One Exchange Square, Gwen Lane, Sandown (Private Bag X991174, Sandton, 2146), to be received by not later than 17h30 on Monday, 19 April 2004.
- 8. Set out below are the relevant sections of the JSE Constitution dealing with the annual general meeting for your information:
 - "Annual General Meetings:
 - 9.1 An annual general meeting shall be held once in every calendar year at a date to be determined by the Board which date shall not be later than 4 (four) months after the end of each financial year.
 - 9.2 At an annual general meeting -
 - 9.2.1 the ordinary business shall be to -
 - 9.2.1.1 receive and consider the financial statements of the JSE and the reports of the Board and auditors;
 - 9.2.1.2 elect Board members to replace those retiring by rotation;
 - 9.2.1.3 decide on the appointment and remuneration of the auditors; and
 - 9.2.1.4 discuss any matter relating to finances;
 - 9.2.2 all business other than that set out in article 9.2.1 shall be special and shall not be dealt with at any annual general meeting unless the nature thereof has been specified in the notice convening the meeting, or in a notice given under article 9.4.
 - 9.3 An annual general meeting shall be called by not less than 28 (twenty eight) days' notice in writing. Such notice shall specify the place, date and hour of the annual general meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting. The inadvertent failure to give notice to any rights holder shall not invalidate any meeting or any resolution passed thereat.
 - 9.4 Notice of any resolution to be proposed at an annual general meeting, other than a resolution contained in the notice convening the meeting, shall be signed by at least 2 (two) rights holders and lodged with the Chief Executive Officer at least 21 (twenty one) days before the meeting and shall forthwith be posted or delivered by the proposing rights holders to all rights holders."